Symetra Financial Corporation

Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

As of September 30, 2016



Table of Contents

	Page
Consolidated Balance Sheets	<u>3</u>
Consolidated Statements of Income (Loss)	<u>4</u>
Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income (Loss)	<u>5</u>
Consolidated Statements of Changes in Stockholder's Equity	<u>6</u>
Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows	<u>7</u>
Condensed Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements	8

SYMETRA FINANCIAL CORPORATION CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(In millions, except share and per share data)

Successor Company Predecessor Company

	Septe	As of ember 30, 2016	As of December 31, 201		
	(1	U naudited)			
ASSETS					
Investments:					
Available-for-sale securities:					
Fixed maturities, at fair value (amortized cost: 2016 Successor \$28,276.8; 2015 Predecessor \$25,891.9)	\$	29,443.9	\$	26,730.4	
Marketable equity securities, at fair value (cost: 2016 Successor \$639.2; 2015 Predecessor \$175.8)		699.6		173.4	
Trading securities:					
Marketable equity securities, at fair value (cost: 2015 Predecessor \$416.9)		_		482.4	
Mortgage loans, net		5,429.0		4,778.5	
Policy loans		57.2		58.5	
Investments in limited partnerships (includes amounts at fair value of 2016 Successor \$50.8; 2015 Predecessor \$45.9)		258.0		256.8	
Derivatives and other invested assets (includes amounts at fair value of 2016 Successor \$300.4; 2015 Predecessor \$141.7)		304.0		146.2	
Total investments		36,191.7		32,626.2	
Cash and cash equivalents		440.6		172.2	
Accrued investment income		341.5		320.7	
Reinsurance recoverables		334.5		340.3	
DAC and VOBA		378.5		666.1	
Receivables and other assets		191.7		259.9	
Other intangible assets, net		1,383.7		6.6	
Goodwill		563.0		31.1	
Separate account assets		904.7		909.8	
Total assets	\$	40,729.9	\$	35,332.9	
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY				<u> </u>	
Funds held under deposit contracts	\$	32,904.8	\$	29,571.8	
Future policy benefits	Ψ	470.9	Ψ	432.8	
Policy and contract claims		156.6		150.3	
Other policyholders' funds		115.8		138.9	
Notes payable		707.9		693.1	
Deferred income tax liabilities, net		514.7		78.4	
Other liabilities		592.2		429.0	
		904.7		909.8	
Separate account liabilities		36,367.6		32,404.1	
Total liabilities		30,307.0		32,404.1	
Commitments and contingencies (Note 10)					
Preferred stock, Predecessor \$0.01 par value; 10,000,000 shares authorized; none issued					
Common stock, 2016 Successor and 2015 Predecessor: \$0.01 par value; 1,000 shares and 750,000,000 shares authorized, respectively; 100 issued and outstanding and 125,064,342 issued and 116,011,039 outstanding, respectively		_		1.2	
Additional paid-in capital		3,677.7		1,476.0	
Treasury stock, at cost: 2015 Predecessor 9,053,303 shares		_		(134.6)	
Retained earnings		28.9		1,070.8	
Accumulated other comprehensive income, net of taxes		655.7		515.4	
Total stockholder's equity		4,362.3		2,928.8	
Total liabilities and stockholder's equity	\$	40,729.9	\$	35,332.9	
See accompanying notes					

SYMETRA FINANCIAL CORPORATION CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME (LOSS)

(In millions) (Unaudited)

		Succe Com					Predecessor Company		
	For the Three Months Ended September 30, 2016		February 1 to September 30, 2016		Jar	uary 1 to uary 31, 2016	For the Three Months Ended September 30, 2015	Month Septer	ne Nine s Ended nber 30,
Revenues:									
Premiums	\$	183.7	\$	488.7	\$	61.2	\$ 180.2	\$	539.3
Net investment income		309.4		789.5		110.4	339.9		994.3
Policy fees, contract charges, and other		63.1		167.5		19.8	57.5		163.5
Net realized gains (losses):									
Total other-than-temporary impairment losses on securities		(1.1)		(6.4)		(3.8)	(18.9)		(31.7)
Less: portion recognized in other comprehensive income (loss)		(0.5)		(0.3)			7.2		9.4
Net impairment losses on securities recognized in earnings		(1.6)		(6.7)		(3.8)	(11.7)		(22.3)
Other net realized gains (losses)		(11.0)		(36.0)		(23.2)	(44.7)		(68.9)
Net realized gains (losses)		(12.6)		(42.7)		(27.0)	(56.4)		(91.2)
Total revenues		543.6		1,403.0		164.4	521.2		1,605.9
Benefits and expenses:									
Policyholder benefits and claims		130.6		370.2		48.4	142.9		423.2
Interest credited		240.5		621.6		84.4	242.4		720.5
Other underwriting and operating expenses		106.8		308.1		35.9	102.8		300.3
Interest expense		6.9		18.4		3.8	11.3		33.5
Amortization of DAC and VOBA		16.9		40.4		8.6	19.4		63.7
Amortization of intangible assets		21.8		58.0		0.2	0.7		2.4
Total benefits and expenses		523.5		1,416.7		181.3	519.5		1,543.6
Income (loss) from operations before income taxes		20.1		(13.7)		(16.9)	1.7		62.3
Total provision (benefit) for income taxes		(6.9)		(42.6)		(10.4)	(17.9)		(27.3)
Net income (loss)	\$	27.0	\$	28.9	\$	(6.5)	\$ 19.6	\$	89.6

SYMETRA FINANCIAL CORPORATION CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)

(In millions) (Unaudited)

		Succ Com			Predecessor Company							
	For the Three Months Ended September 30, 2016		February 1 to September 30, 2016		January 1 to January 31, 2016		For the Three Months Ended September 30, 2015		Mont Septe	the Nine hs Ended ember 30, 2015		
Net income (loss)	\$	27.0	\$	28.9	\$	(6.5)	\$	19.6	\$	89.6		
Other comprehensive income (loss), net of taxes and reclassification adjustments:												
Changes in unrealized gains (losses) on available- for-sale securities (net of taxes of: 2016 Successor \$34.7 and \$413.7; 2016 Predecessor \$61.7; 2015 Predecessor \$(12.6) and \$(162.1))		64.5		768.4		114.5		(23.6)		(301.1)		
Other-than-temporary impairments on fixed maturities not related to credit losses (net of taxes of: 2016 Successor \$0.0 and \$(0.1); 2016 Predecessor \$0.0; 2015 Predecessor \$(2.5) and \$(3.3))		_		(0.1)		_		(4.7)		(6.1)		
Impact of net unrealized (gains) losses on DAC and VOBA (net of taxes of: 2016 Successor \$(11.3) and \$(75.4); 2016 Predecessor \$(13.1); 2015 Predecessor \$3.5 and \$23.0)		(21.0)		(140.0)		(24.4)		6.7		42.7		
Impact of cash flow hedges (net of taxes of: 2016 Successor \$1.1 and \$14.8; 2016 Predecessor \$13.6; 2015 Predecessor \$14.1 and \$16.3)		2.0		27.4		25.2		26.4		30.4		
Other comprehensive income (loss)		45.5		655.7		115.3		4.8		(234.1)		
Total comprehensive income (loss)	\$	72.5	\$	684.6	\$	108.8	\$	24.4	\$	(144.5)		

SYMETRA FINANCIAL CORPORATION CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN STOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY (In millions)

(Unaudited)

	Comm Stock		 dditional Paid-in Capital	Freasury Stock	Retained Carnings	-	Other Other Omprehensive Income	St	Total ockholder's Equity
Predecessor Company									
January 1, 2015	\$	1.2	\$ 1,469.5	\$ (134.6)	\$ 1,033.9	\$	990.6	\$	3,360.6
Net income (loss)		_	_	_	89.6		_		89.6
Other comprehensive income (loss)		_	_	_	_		(234.1)		(234.1)
Stock-based compensation		_	7.2	_	_		_		7.2
Dividends declared					(97.2)				(97.2)
Balances as of September 30, 2015	\$	1.2	\$ 1,476.7	\$ (134.6)	\$ 1,026.3	\$	756.5	\$	3,126.1

	 Common Paid-in		Additional Paid-in Capital	Treasury Stock		Retained Earnings		Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income		St	Total ockholder's Equity
Predecessor Company											
January 1, 2016	\$ 1.2	\$	1,476.0	\$	(134.6)	\$	1,070.8	\$	515.4	\$	2,928.8
Net income (loss)	_		_		_		(6.5)		_		(6.5)
Other comprehensive income (loss)	_		_		_		_		115.3		115.3
Stock-based compensation	_		0.3				_				0.3
Balances as of January 31, 2016	\$ 1.2	\$	1,476.3	\$	(134.6)	\$	1,064.3	\$	630.7	\$	3,037.9

	Common Stock		Additional Paid-in Capital		Retained Earnings		Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income		Total Stockholder's Equity	
Successor Company										
Balances as of February 1, 2016	\$	_	\$	3,677.7	\$	_	\$	_	\$	3,677.7
Net income		_		_		28.9		_		28.9
Other comprehensive income (loss)		_		_		_		655.7		655.7
Balances as of September 30, 2016	\$		\$	3,677.7	\$	28.9	\$	655.7	\$	4,362.3

SYMETRA FINANCIAL CORPORATION CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(In millions) (Unaudited)

	Successor Predec Company Comp					
	Sept	uary 1 to ember 30, 2016		January 1 to January 31, 2016		e Nine Ended aber 30,
Cash flows from operating activities						
Net income (loss)	\$	28.9	\$	(6.5)	\$	89.6
Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities:						
Net realized (gains) losses		42.7		27.0		91.2
Accretion and amortization of invested assets, net		218.9		8.4		80.0
Amortization and depreciation		24.0		1.8		19.1
Interest credited on deposit contracts		621.6		84.4		720.5
Mortality and expense charges and administrative fees		(124.9)		(13.6)		(118.7)
Changes in:						
Accrued investment income		(12.3)		(8.5)		(19.8)
DAC and VOBA, net		(119.6)		(11.0)		(108.9)
Future policy benefits, net		15.8		(2.7)		13.3
Policy and contract claims		12.4		(6.1)		26.8
Other assets and liabilities		49.2		(44.7)		1.0
Other, net		(59.6)		14.7		(41.0)
Total adjustments		668.2		49.7		663.5
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		697.1		43.2		753.1
Cash flows from investing activities						
Purchases of:						
Fixed maturities and marketable equity securities		(3,929.3)		(448.7)		(5,162.3)
Limited partnerships and other investments		(109.4)		(5.7)		(86.3)
Issuances of mortgage loans		(659.7)		(45.4)		(714.0)
Maturities, calls, paydowns, and other repayments		1,274.2		129.8		1,449.3
Sales of:		•				
Fixed maturities and marketable equity securities		1,103.2		202.6		1,979.7
Limited partnerships and other investments		42.9		0.3		51.5
Repayments of mortgage loans		268.4		33.9		263.5
Cash received (pledged or returned) as collateral, net		164.1		(19.7)		(9.8)
Other, net		19.8		20.6		(10.6)
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities		(1,825.8)		(132.3)		(2,239.0)
Cash flows from financing activities		() /		,		, ,
Policyholder account balances:						
Deposits		2,876.3		365.4		3,136.5
Withdrawals		(1,585.7)		(168.6)		(1,534.5)
Net proceeds from borrowings		300.0		_		_
Repayment of senior notes		(300.0)		_		_
Cash dividends paid on common stock		_		_		(96.4)
Other, net		_		(1.2)		4.2
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities		1,290.6		195.6		1,509.8
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		161.9		106.5		23.9
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period		278.7		172.2		158.8
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$	440.6	\$	278.7	\$	182.7
Supplemental disclosures of cash flow information	4	. 1010	-	2,0.7		102.7
Non-cash transactions during the period:						
Fixed maturities exchanges	\$	37.4	\$	11.1	\$	90.0
rixed maturities exchanges	\$	37.4	\$	11.1	\$	90.

SYMETRA FINANCIAL CORPORATION CONDENSED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (All amounts in millions, except share and percentage data, unless otherwise stated) (Unaudited)

1. Description of Business

Symetra Financial Corporation (the Company) is a Delaware corporation that, through its subsidiaries, offers products and services that serve the retirement, employment-based benefits and life insurance markets. These products and services are marketed through financial institutions, broker-dealers, benefits consultants, and independent agents and advisors in all 50 states and the District of Columbia. The Company's principal products include fixed, fixed indexed and variable deferred annuities, single premium immediate annuities (SPIA), medical stop-loss insurance, limited benefit medical insurance, group life and disability income (DI) insurance, individual life insurance and institutional life insurance including bank-owned life insurance (BOLI) and variable corporate owned life insurance (COLI). The Company also services its block of structured settlement annuities.

Sumitomo Life Merger

On February 1, 2016, the Company became a wholly owned subsidiary of Sumitomo Life Insurance Company, a mutual company (sougo kaisha) organized under the laws of Japan (Sumitomo Life), in accordance with the terms of the Agreement and Plan of Merger (the Merger), dated August 11, 2015. Each outstanding share of the Company's common stock was converted into the right to receive \$32.00 in cash, without interest. The aggregate cash consideration paid in connection with the Merger for all of the Company's outstanding shares of common stock was \$3.7 billion. The Merger provides Sumitomo Life with a platform for growth in the United States, where it did not previously have a significant presence. Prior to the Merger, the Company's common stock was publicly traded on the New York Stock Exchange. Subsequent to the Merger, the Company ceased to be a Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) registrant.

These financial statements include information as of September 30, 2016, for the three months ended September 30, 2016 and the period February 1 to September 30, 2016 that relates to the Successor Company, following completion of the Merger. Information for the period of January 1, 2016 to January 31, 2016, the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015, and as of December 31, 2015 relates to the Predecessor Company. Amounts are generally not comparable between the Successor Company and Predecessor Company due to the application of purchase accounting. Refer to Note 3 for further discussion.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The interim condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires the Company to make estimates and assumptions that may affect the amounts reported in the interim condensed consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes. These interim condensed consolidated financial statements are unaudited and in management's opinion include all adjustments, consisting of normal recurring adjustments and accruals, necessary for a fair presentation. All significant intercompany transactions and balances have been eliminated. Certain reclassifications have been made to prior year financial information to conform to the current period presentation. Management has assessed subsequent events through November 18, 2016, the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

The interim condensed consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the December 31, 2015 audited Consolidated Financial Statements. Financial results for the three months ended September 30, 2016 and the period of February 1 to September 30, 2016 (Successor Company) and the period of January 1, 2016 to January 31, 2016 (Predecessor Company) are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the period ending December 31, 2016. The Company's effective tax rate differs from the U.S. federal income tax rate of 35%, primarily due to benefits from the Company's tax credit investments.

The Company accounted for the Merger under the acquisition method in Accounting Standards Codification (ASC) Topic 805, *Business Combinations* and elected to apply pushdown accounting. Identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed were measured at fair value as of the acquisition date. Goodwill was recognized as the excess of the acquisition price over the fair value of the net assets acquired. These values were the basis of accounting records used in the preparation of financial statements and disclosures for the Successor Company.

A full description of the Company's significant accounting policies is included in the audited Consolidated Financial Statements for the year-ended December 31, 2015 (Predecessor Company), available on the Company's website. In conjunction with the Merger and the election to apply pushdown accounting, the Company made certain revisions to its significant accounting policies, which are discussed in the Notes listed in the following table.

(All amounts in millions, except share and percentage data, unless otherwise stated) (Unaudited)

Significant Accounting Policy	Note #
Value of Business Acquired (VOBA)	3
Other Intangible Assets	3
Goodwill	3
Funds Held Under Deposit Contracts	3
Investments	4
Mortgage Loans	5
Segment Information	11

Accounting Pronouncements

Standard	Description	Required date of adoption	Effect on the financial statements or other significant matters
Accounting Pronouncem	nents Not Yet Adopted		
Update No. 2015-07, Fair Value Measurement (Topic 820): Disclosures for Investments in Certain Entities That Calculate Net Asset Value per Share (or Its Equivalent)	This standard amends disclosure requirements for companies that use the practical expedient to measure the fair value of certain investments using the net asset value per share. Under the standard, companies are no longer required to categorize fair value measurements for these investments in the fair value hierarchy.	January 1, 2017	Upon adoption, the Company will apply the new disclosure requirements to its investments in limited partnerships that are valued using the practical expedient.
Update No. 2015-09, Financial Services - Insurance (Topic 944): Disclosures about Short-Duration Contracts	This standard amends disclosure requirements for the liability for unpaid claims and claim adjustment expenses on short-duration contracts for insurance entities. Under the standard, companies must include certain additional quantitative and qualitative information about these liabilities in its financial statements.	January 1, 2017	Upon adoption, the Company will retrospectively apply the new disclosure requirements to its short-duration contracts, which are primarily related to its insurance policies in the Benefits segment.
Update No. 2016-01, Financial Instruments (Topic 825): Recognition and Measurement of Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities	This standards amends recognition and disclosure requirements primarily for equity investments carried at fair value. Under the standard, companies must measure these investments at fair value, with changes in fair value recorded in income. In addition, the requirement to disclose the fair value of financial instruments held at amortized cost has been eliminated for nonpublic companies.	January 1, 2019	The Company is in the early stages of evaluating the potential impact of the standard on its financial statements. The Company will apply the standard using a modified retrospective approach. The Company is considering whether to early adopt.
Update No. 2016-02, Leases (Topic 842)	This standards amends the recognition requirements for all leases with a term greater than 12 months and provides new guidelines for the identification of a lease within a contract. Under the standard, companies must measure and recognize a liability to make lease payments and a right-of-use asset representing the right to use the underlying asset for the lease term. In addition, the standard requires expanded quantitative and qualitative disclosures.	January 1, 2020	The Company is in the early stages of evaluating the potential impact of the standard on its financial statements. Upon adoption, the Company will apply the standard using a modified retrospective approach and apply the requirements to all new leases. The Company is considering whether to early adopt.

(All amounts in millions, except share and percentage data, unless otherwise stated) (Unaudited)

Standard	Description	Required date of adoption	Effect on the financial statements or other significant matters
Accounting Pronouncer	nents Not Yet Adopted		
Update No. 2016-13, Financial Instruments - Credit Losses (Topic 326)	This standard amends the credit loss measurement guidance for available-for-sale securities. Credit losses will be recognized in a credit allowance account rather than as reductions in the amortized cost of the securities. Further, entities are no longer allowed to consider length of time a security has been underwater as a factor when evaluating credit losses.	January 1, 2021	The Company is in the early stages of evaluating the potential impact of the standard on its financial statements. Upon adoption, the Company will apply the standard using a modified retrospective approach. The Company is considering
	This standard also amends existing guidance on the impairment of certain financial instruments by adding an impairment model that reflects expected credit losses. This requires consideration of a broader range of reasonable and supportable information to inform credit loss estimates.		whether to early adopt.

3. Sumitomo Life Merger

On February 1, 2016, the Company became a wholly owned subsidiary of Sumitomo Life Insurance Company. Refer to Note 1 for further details on this transaction. The Merger was accounted for under the acquisition method of accounting (purchase accounting, or PGAAP).

(All amounts in millions, except share and percentage data, unless otherwise stated) (Unaudited)

The following table summarizes the fair value of assets acquired and liabilities assumed at the acquisition date:

		Fair Value As of		
Assets	Febr	ruary 1, 2016		
Fixed maturities	\$	26,938.4		
Marketable equity securities	Ψ	627.5		
Mortgage loans		5,077.0		
Policy loans		58.3		
Investments in limited partnerships		271.0		
Derivatives and other invested assets		155.6		
Total investments		33,127.8		
Cash and cash equivalents		278.7		
Accrued investment income		329.2		
Reinsurance recoverables		321.5		
VOBA		457.6		
Receivables and other assets		266.1		
Other intangible assets		1,441.7		
Goodwill		563.0		
Separate account assets		858.2		
Total assets	\$	37,643.8		
Liabilities				
Funds held under deposit contracts	\$	31,004.8		
Future policy benefits		459.3		
Policy and contract claims		144.2		
Other policyholders' funds		150.7		
Notes payable		711.2		
Deferred income tax liabilities, net		228.3		
Other liabilities		409.4		
Separate account liabilities		858.2		
Total liabilities		33,966.1		
Net assets acquired	\$	3,677.7		

Value of Business Acquired (VOBA)

In conjunction with the Merger, a portion of the purchase price was allocated to the right to receive future gross profits from cash flows and earnings of the Company's existing business. This value of business acquired (VOBA) was based on the actuarially estimated present value of future cash flows from the Company's insurance policies and annuity contracts in-force on the date of the Merger. The estimated present value of future cash flows used in the calculation of VOBA is based on certain assumptions, including lapse rates, mortality experience, maintenance expenses, crediting rates, and investment performance that the Company expects to experience in future years. Similar to its accounting for deferred policy acquisition costs (DAC), the Company amortizes VOBA for deferred annuity contracts and universal life insurance policies over the lives of the contracts or policies in proportion to the estimated future gross profits.

For the Company's lines of business related to structured settlement, SPIA, and certain BOLI policies, the estimated fair value of the in-force contract obligations exceeded the book value of assumed in-force insurance policy liabilities, resulting in the establishment of an additional liability. See the "Funds Held Under Deposit Contracts" accounting policy below for further discussion.

SYMETRA FINANCIAL CORPORATION CONDENSED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (All amounts in millions, except share and percentage data, unless otherwise stated) (Unaudited)

Other Intangible Assets

In conjunction with the Merger, a portion of the purchase price was allocated to specifically identifiable intangible assets. Intangible assets with finite lives are amortized on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful life of the assets. Amortizable intangible assets primarily consist of value of distribution acquired (VODA), value of customer relationships acquired (VOCRA), trade names and technology. VODA represents the present value of expected future profits associated with the expected future business derived from distribution relationships in existence as of the Merger date. VOCRA represents the present value of the expected future profits associated with the Company's group insurance business in-force in the Benefits segment as of the Merger date, including the value of renewals associated with this business. Identified intangible assets were valued using the excess earnings method, relief from royalty method or cost approach, as appropriate.

Other intangible assets with finite lives are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of the assets might not be recoverable. Conditions that would necessitate an impairment assessment include a significant change in the extent or manner in which an asset is used or any other significant adverse change that would indicate that the carrying amount of an asset or group of assets may not be recoverable. Impairment is only recorded if the asset's carrying amount is not recoverable through its undiscounted future cash flows. If an impairment exists, the amount is measured as the difference between the carrying amount and fair value.

Identified intangible assets recognized by the Company included the following:

	Fair	timated · Value on isition Date	Weighted Average Estimated Useful Life
Value of distribution acquired (VODA)	\$	782.0	35 years
Value of customer relationships acquired (VOCRA)		386.7	10 years
Trade names		190.0	17 years
Technology		72.0	5 years
Total intangible assets subject to amortization		1,430.7	24.3 years
Insurance licenses		11.0	Indefinite
Total intangible assets	\$	1,441.7	

The following table sets forth the estimated aggregate amortization expense:

Year	Amount
2016	\$ 79.8
2017	87.0
2018	87.0
2019	87.0
2020	87.0

Goodwill

Goodwill was determined based on the terms of the transaction and the fair value of the net assets of the Company under the new basis of accounting. It represents the acquisition price in excess of the fair value of net assets acquired in the Merger, including identifiable intangible assets, and reflects the Company's future growth potential, assembled workforce and other sources of value not associated with identifiable assets. The Company's goodwill balance is assigned to its reporting units, which are the same as the Company's reportable segments (Benefits, Deferred Annuities, Income Annuities and Individual Life). The goodwill recognized is not deductible for tax purposes.

The Company has elected not to amortize goodwill, and it will be reviewed for impairment at least annually, as of July 1, or more frequently if there are indicators of impairment, with consideration given to financial performance and estimates of the future profitability of the associated lines of business. When evaluating whether goodwill is impaired, the Company first determines through qualitative analysis whether relevant events and circumstances indicate that it is more likely than not that goodwill balances are impaired. If it is determined that it is more likely than not that an impairment exists, the Company

SYMETRA FINANCIAL CORPORATION CONDENSED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (All amounts in millions, except share and percentage data, unless otherwise stated) (Unaudited)

compares its estimate of the fair value of the reporting unit to which the goodwill is assigned to the reporting unit's carrying amount, including goodwill. During the third quarter of 2016, the Company performed its annual impairment assessment of goodwill and determined that goodwill was not impaired.

Funds Held Under Deposit Contracts

Liabilities for fixed deferred annuity contracts and universal life policies, including BOLI, are computed as deposits net of withdrawals made by the policyholder, plus interest amounts credited based on contract specifications, less contract fees and charges assessed. For fixed-indexed annuity contracts this also includes a liability for the embedded derivative. For SPIAs, including structured settlements, liabilities are based on discounted amounts of estimated future benefits.

In conjunction with the Merger, these liabilities were recorded at fair value and the underlying contracts are considered to be new contracts for measurement and reporting purposes as of the acquisition date. Estimating the fair value of these liabilities requires the use of current assumptions relative to future investment yields, mortality, persistency, and other assumptions based on the Company's historical experience, modified as necessary to reflect anticipated trends. The Company's assumptions and estimates require significant judgment and, therefore, are inherently uncertain. The Company cannot determine with precision the ultimate amounts that it will pay to its contract holders or the timing of those payments. As such, at the acquisition date, the Company updated the assumptions described above to reflect current best estimates.

Either a VOBA asset or an additional insurance liability was recorded to reflect the difference between the fair value of the liability and the amounts previously established. An additional insurance liability was established for the Company's lines of business related to structured settlement, SPIA, and certain BOLI policies. Such liability is reported in funds held under deposit contracts and is amortized over the policy period in proportion to the approximate consumption of losses. Such amortization is recorded as a contra-expense in interest credited.

Treatment of certain acquisition related costs and outstanding employee awards

The Company recorded costs related to the Merger in either the predecessor or successor periods based on the specific facts and circumstances underlying each individual transaction. Certain of these costs were fully contingent on the completion of the Merger, which occurred on February 1, 2016. These costs are not expensed in either the Predecessor or Successor Company statements of income (loss). Liabilities for payment of these contingent costs are included in the opening balance sheet as of February 1, 2016. This included fees related to the Merger of \$30.3 paid to the Company's financial advisors.

At or immediately prior to the effective time of the Merger, unvested and outstanding awards granted under the Symetra Financial Corporation Equity Plan were canceled and converted into a right to receive an amount in cash, without interest. This included stock options, restricted stock and performance unit awards. Upon completion of the Merger, a total of \$52.3 became payable to eligible employees under these arrangements. Of this amount, \$35.6 is recorded as a liability as of February 1, 2016 and \$16.7 was recorded as an expense of the Successor Company.

4. Investments

The Company's investment portfolio consists in large part of fixed maturities and commercial mortgage loans, as well as a smaller allocation of marketable equity securities, investments in limited partnerships and other investments. The Company maintained its investment accounting policies after the Merger, except for the following changes:

Marketable Equity Securities

As of February 1, 2016 the Company classified all of its investments in marketable equity securities as available-for-sale. Prior to the Merger, a portion was classified as trading. The Company reports net unrealized gains (losses) related to its available-for-sale securities in accumulated other comprehensive income (AOCI) in stockholder's equity, net of related DAC, VOBA and DSI adjustments and deferred income taxes.

Investments in Limited Partnerships

The Company invests in limited partnerships that generate tax benefits (referred to as tax credit investments) as well as private equity and hedge funds (referred to as alternative investments). Subsequent to the Merger, the Company did not change its methods of accounting for these investments; however, in the Successor Company, the amortization of the tax

(All amounts in millions, except share and percentage data, unless otherwise stated) (Unaudited)

credit investments and changes in the fair value of the alternative investments are recorded in net realized gains (losses). In the Predecessor Company, such amounts were recorded in net investment income.

The following tables summarize the Company's available-for-sale fixed maturities and marketable equity securities. As of February 1, 2016, the book value of the Company's fixed maturity and marketable equity securities were set to fair value, which resulted in the elimination of previously recorded unrealized gains and losses from accumulated other comprehensive income. Based on interest rates on February 1, 2016, the book value of the portfolio increased and a net premium was established, which is being amortized in net investment income. Since February 1, 2016, interest rates have decreased, resulting in net unrealized gains in the Company's available-for-sale investment portfolio.

	As of September 30, 2016 (Successor Company)								
	Cost or Amortized Cost			Gross nrealized Gains	Gross Unrealized Losses			Fair Value	
Fixed maturities:									
U.S. government and agencies	\$	590.8	\$	5.3	\$	(0.2)	\$	595.9	
State and political subdivisions		922.0		17.8		(0.3)		939.5	
Corporate securities		21,539.0		1,071.0		(6.3)		22,603.7	
Residential mortgage-backed securities		2,640.7		34.6		(0.9)		2,674.4	
Commercial mortgage-backed securities		1,029.6		23.0		(0.4)		1,052.2	
Collateralized loan obligations		1,011.6		19.3		(1.6)		1,029.3	
Other debt obligations		543.1		7.2		(1.4)		548.9	
Total fixed maturities		28,276.8		1,178.2		(11.1)		29,443.9	
Marketable equity securities, available-for-sale		639.2		65.5		(5.1)		699.6	
Total	\$	28,916.0	\$	1,243.7	\$	(16.2)	\$	30,143.5	

	As of December 31, 2015 (Predecessor Company)									
	Cost or Amortized Cost			Gross nrealized Gains	Gross Unrealized Losses			air Value		
Fixed maturities:										
U.S. government and agencies	\$	479.8	\$	3.7	\$	(1.4)	\$	482.1		
State and political subdivisions		842.5		34.1		(1.5)		875.1		
Corporate securities		19,639.5		955.0		(313.6)		20,280.9		
Residential mortgage-backed securities		2,539.2		132.7		(9.9)		2,662.0		
Commercial mortgage-backed securities		1,186.5		36.2		(5.0)		1,217.7		
Collateralized loan obligations		663.1		0.1		(18.4)		644.8		
Other debt obligations		541.3		30.5		(4.0)		567.8		
Total fixed maturities		25,891.9		1,192.3		(353.8)		26,730.4		
Marketable equity securities, available-for-sale		175.8		1.2		(3.6)		173.4		
Total	\$	26,067.7	\$	1,193.5	\$	(357.4)	\$	26,903.8		

SYMETRA FINANCIAL CORPORATION CONDENSED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (All amounts in millions, except share and percentage data, unless otherwise stated) (Unaudited)

The following tables summarize gross unrealized losses and fair values of the Company's available-for-sale investments. The tables are aggregated by investment category and present separately those securities that have been in a continuous unrealized loss position for less than twelve months and for twelve months or more.

As of September 30, 2016 (Successor Company)

	(Successor Company)										
		Les	ss Th	an 12 Mont	ths		12	Moı	nths or Mo	re	
	Fair Value		Gross Unrealized Losses		# of Securities	Fair Value				# of Securities	
Fixed maturities:											
U.S. government and agencies	\$	40.9	\$	(0.2)	6	\$	_	\$	_	_	
State and political subdivisions		72.1		(0.3)	6		_		_	_	
Corporate securities		665.1		(6.3)	108				_	_	
Residential mortgage-backed securities		269.1		(0.9)	74					_	
Commercial mortgage-backed securities		168.6		(0.4)	18				_	_	
Collateralized loan obligations		200.4		(1.6)	16					_	
Other debt obligations		99.9		(1.4)	13				_	_	
Total fixed maturities	1	,516.1		(11.1)	241						
Marketable equity securities, available-for-sale		55.4		(5.1)	42				_	_	
Total	\$ 1	,571.5	\$	(16.2)	283	\$		\$			

As of December 31, 2015 (Predecessor Company)

	(Treactessor company)									
	Le	ss Than 12 Mont	ths	12	2 Months or Mo	re				
	Fair Value	Gross Unrealized Losses	# of Securities	Fair Value	Gross Unrealized Losses	# of Securities				
Fixed maturities:										
U.S. government and agencies	\$ 153.4	\$ (1.4)	18	\$ —	\$ —	_				
State and political subdivisions	92.3	(1.3)	15	5.4	(0.2)	2				
Corporate securities	6,046.7	(235.4)	550	544.8	(78.2)	96				
Residential mortgage-backed securities	384.7	(5.6)	65	113.7	(4.3)	22				
Commercial mortgage-backed securities	268.3	(4.5)	23	25.3	(0.5)	4				
Collateralized loan obligations	566.4	(18.4)	52	_	_	_				
Other debt obligations	140.5	(4.0)	15	_	_	_				
Total fixed maturities	7,652.3	(270.6)	738	689.2	(83.2)	124				
Marketable equity securities, available-for-sale	138.3	(3.6)	4	_	_	_				
Total	\$ 7,790.6	\$ (274.2)	742	\$ 689.2	\$ (83.2)	124				

Based on National Association of Insurance Commissioners (NAIC) ratings as of September 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, the Company held below-investment-grade fixed maturities with fair values of \$1,243.5 and \$1,039.0, respectively, and amortized costs of \$1,155.1 and \$1,083.2, respectively. These holdings amounted to 4.2% and 3.8% of the Company's investments in fixed maturities at fair value as of September 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, respectively.

SYMETRA FINANCIAL CORPORATION CONDENSED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (All amounts in millions, except share and percentage data, unless otherwise stated) (Unaudited)

The following table summarizes the amortized cost and fair value of fixed maturities as of September 30, 2016, by contractual years to maturity. Actual maturities may differ from contractual maturities because borrowers may have the right to call or prepay obligations with or without penalties.

	A	Amortized Cost	Fair Value
One year or less	\$	760.0	\$ 761.5
Over one year through five years		7,375.0	7,542.0
Over five years through ten years		10,352.5	10,891.1
Over ten years		4,645.6	5,026.4
Residential mortgage-backed securities		2,640.7	2,674.4
Commercial mortgage-backed securities		1,029.6	1,052.2
Collateralized loan obligations		1,011.6	1,029.3
Other asset-backed securities		461.8	467.0
Total fixed maturities	\$	28,276.8	\$ 29,443.9

The following table summarizes the Company's net investment income:

		Succ Com			Predecessor Company								
	Mor	For the Three Months Ended September 30, 2016 February 1 to September 30, 2016				nuary 1 to nuary 31, 2016	Mo	r the Three onths Ended otember 30, 2015	Mor	r the Nine other 30, 2015			
Fixed maturities	\$	260.4	\$	658.3	\$	96.3	\$	297.9	\$	861.2			
Marketable equity securities		5.1		14.0		0.3		4.3		13.1			
Mortgage loans		52.3		137.4		21.3		62.6		181.1			
Investments in limited partnerships (1):		_		_		(4.4)		(17.3)		(40.0)			
Other		2.0		5.3		0.2		1.8		5.8			
Total investment income		319.8		815.0		113.7	•	349.3		1,021.2			
Investment expenses		(10.4)		(25.5)		(3.3)		(9.4)		(26.9)			
Net investment income	\$	309.4	\$	789.5	\$	110.4	\$	339.9	\$	994.3			

⁽¹⁾ Predecessor Company income includes net gains (losses) on changes in the fair value of alternative investments held as of period end for which the Company elected the fair value option, totaling \$(0.8), \$(5.6), and \$(13.1) for the one month ended January 31, 2016 and the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015, respectively.

(All amounts in millions, except share and percentage data, unless otherwise stated)
(Unaudited)

The following table summarizes the Company's net realized gains (losses):

				Predecessor Company							
				Janu	ary 31,	For the Three Months Ended September 30, 2015	For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2015				
\$	4.9	\$	17.6	\$	2.4	\$ 2.2	\$ 10.1				
	(1.4)		(6.0)		(1.2)	(3.5)	(18.2)				
	(1.6)		(6.7)		(3.8)	(11.7)	(22.3)				
	(13.6)		(15.5)		(0.8)	(5.0)	(7.5)				
	(11.7)		(10.6)		(3.4)	(18.0)	(37.9)				
	_		_		(22.5)	(22.8)	(27.0)				
	5.4		10.1		_	_	(3.9)				
	(11.7)		(33.6)		(0.6)	(11.2)	(19.9)				
	9.9		(8.8)		_	(10.1)	(8.5)				
	(4.5)		0.2		(0.5)	5.7	6.0				
\$	(12.6)	\$	(42.7)	\$	(27.0)	\$ (56.4)	\$ (91.2)				
	Mont Septe	Complement For the Three Months Ended September 30, 2016	September 30, 2016 Septemb	Company For the Three Months Ended September 30, 2016	Company For the Three Months Ended September 30, 2016 Septembe	Company For the Three Months Ended September 30, 2016 September 30, 2016 Septemb	Company Company				

- (1) This includes net gains (losses) on calls and redemptions, and changes in the fair value of the Company's convertible securities.
- (2) Predecessor Company results include net gains (losses) on changes in the fair value of trading securities held as of period end totaling \$(22.7) and \$(24.1) and \$(36.6) for the month ended January 31, 2016 and the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015, respectively.
- (3) Successor Company results reflect losses related to tax credit investments and changes in the fair value of alternative investments. Prior to the Merger, changes in the fair value of alternative investments and amortization of tax credit investments were recorded in net investment income. Historical periods have not been adjusted.
- (4) This includes net gains (losses) on derivatives not designated for hedge accounting and other instruments, including an embedded derivative related to the Company's fixed indexed annuity (FIA) product, and gains (losses) on commercial mortgage loans and sales of available-for-sale equity securities.

Other-Than-Temporary Impairments (OTTI)

The Company's review of available-for-sale investment securities for OTTI includes both quantitative and qualitative criteria. Quantitative criteria include the length of time and amount that each security is in an unrealized loss position (i.e., is underwater) and, for fixed maturities, whether expected future cash flows indicate that a credit loss exists.

While all securities are monitored for impairment, the Company's experience indicates that, under normal market conditions, securities for which the cost or amortized cost exceeds fair value by less than 20% do not typically represent a significant risk of impairment and, often, fair values recover over time as the factors that caused the declines improve. If the estimated fair value has declined and remained below cost or amortized cost by 20% or more for at least six months, the Company further analyzes the decrease in fair value to determine whether it is an other-than-temporary decline. To make this determination for each security, the Company considers, among other factors:

- Extent and duration of the decline in fair value below cost or amortized cost;
- Financial condition and near-term prospects of the issuer of the security, including any specific events that may affect its operations, earnings potential or compliance with terms and covenants of the security;
- Changes in the financial condition of the security's underlying collateral;
- Any downgrades of the security by a rating agency;
- · Nonpayment of scheduled interest, or the reduction or elimination of dividends; and
- Other indications that a credit loss has occurred.

Fixed Maturities

For fixed maturities, the Company concludes an OTTI has occurred if a security is underwater and there is an intent to sell the security, or it is more likely than not that the Company will be required to sell the security prior to recovery of its amortized cost, considering any regulatory developments, prepayment or call notifications and the Company's liquidity needs.

(All amounts in millions, except share and percentage data, unless otherwise stated)
(Unaudited)

If there is an intent or requirement to sell the security, the entire unrealized loss is recognized as an OTTI in net realized gains (losses).

An OTTI has also occurred if the present value of expected cash flows is less than the amortized cost of the security (i.e., a credit loss exists). In such cases, the Company isolates the portion of the total unrealized loss related to the credit loss, which is recognized in realized gains (losses) on the consolidated statements of income, and the remainder is recorded as a non-credit OTTI through other comprehensive income.

To determine the amount of a credit loss, the Company calculates the recovery value by discounting its estimate of future cash flows from the security. The discount rate is the original effective yield for corporate securities, which reflects book value adjustments made at PGAAP, or current effective yield for mortgage-backed and other structured securities. The amount of the credit loss equals the difference between the carrying value and recovery value of the security.

Determination of Credit-Related OTTI on Corporate Securities

To determine the recovery value for a corporate security, the Company performs an analysis including, but not limited to, the following:

- Expected cash flows of the issuer;
- Fundamentals of the industry in which the issuer operates;
- Fundamentals of the issuer to determine what the Company would recover if the issuer were to file for bankruptcy or restructure its debt outside of bankruptcy;
- Expectations regarding defaults and recovery rates;
- Changes to the rating of the security by a rating agency;
- Third-party guarantees; and
- Additional available market information.

Determination of Credit-Related OTTI on Structured Securities

To determine the recovery value for a structured security, including residential mortgage-, commercial mortgage- and other asset-backed securities, the Company performs an analysis including, but not limited to, the following:

- Expected cash flows from the security;
- Creditworthiness:
- Delinquency, debt-service coverage, and loan-to-value ratios on the underlying collateral;
- Underlying collateral values, vintage year and level of subordination;
- Geographic concentrations; and
- Susceptibility to prepayment and anti-selection due to changes in the interest rate environment.

Marketable Equity Securities

For equity securities, the Company concludes an OTTI has occurred if it does not have the intent or ability to hold the security until recovery, or if qualitative factors otherwise indicate that the security's cost will not be recovered. If an OTTI exists, the entire unrealized loss is recognized as an OTTI in net realized gains (losses).

(All amounts in millions, except share and percentage data, unless otherwise stated)
(Unaudited)

The following table presents the severity and duration of the gross unrealized losses on the Company's underwater available-for-sale fixed maturities, after the recognition of OTTI:

				ember 30, 20 sor Company			15 y)			
	Fair Value		Gross Unrealized Losses		# of Securities	Fair Value		Gross Unrealized Losses		# of Securities
Fixed maturities:										
Underwater by 20% or more:										
Less than 6 consecutive months	\$	0.3	\$	(0.2)	5	\$	86.4	\$	(37.1)	56
6 consecutive months or more		0.1		(0.3)	4		44.9		(21.5)	22
Total underwater by 20% or more		0.4		(0.5)	9		131.3		(58.6)	78
All other underwater fixed maturities		1,515.7		(10.6)	234		8,210.2		(295.2)	761
Total underwater fixed maturities	\$	1,516.1	\$	(11.1)	243	\$	8,341.5	\$	(353.8)	839

The Company reviewed its available-for-sale fixed maturities with unrealized losses as of September 30, 2016 in accordance with its impairment policy and determined, after the recognition of OTTI, that the remaining declines in fair value were temporary. The Company did not intend to sell its underwater securities, and it was not more likely than not that the Company will be required to sell the securities before recovery of cost or amortized cost, which may be maturity. This conclusion is supported by the Company's spread analyses, cash flow modeling and expected continuation of contractually required principal and interest payments.

Changes in the amount of credit-related OTTI recognized in net income where the portion related to other factors was recognized in other comprehensive income (OCI) were as follows:

		Succe Comp								
	Montl Septe	he Three ns Ended mber 30,	S	oruary 1 to eptember 30, 2016	Jan	uary 1 to uary 31, 2016	Mont Septe	the Three ths Ended ember 30, 2015	Month Septe	he Nine is Ended mber 30, 015
Balance, beginning of period	\$	4.4	\$	_	\$	27.7	\$	17.7	\$	20.1
Increases recognized in the current period:										
For which an OTTI was not previously recognized		0.6		5.2		_		2.3		3.2
For which an OTTI was previously recognized		_		_		_		2.0		3.7
Decreases attributable to:										
Securities sold or paid down during the period		(0.2)		(0.4)		(0.4)		(1.7)		(6.7)
Previously recognized credit losses on securities impaired during the period due to a change in intent to sell (1)		_		_		_		(1.1)		(1.1)
Balance, end of period	\$	4.8	\$	4.8	\$	27.3	\$	19.2	\$	19.2

⁽¹⁾ Represents circumstances where the Company determined in the period that it intended to sell the security prior to recovery of its amortized cost.

Investments in Limited Partnerships — Affordable Housing Project Investments

The majority of the Company's tax credit investments relate to affordable housing project investments. As of September 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, the Company's tax credit investments had carrying values of \$207.2 and \$210.9, respectively, of which \$193.2 and \$193.1 related to affordable housing project investments, respectively.

(All amounts in millions, except share and percentage data, unless otherwise stated)
(Unaudited)

The following table sets forth the impact of affordable housing project investments on net income. These amounts do not include the impacts of the Company's holdings in other types of tax credit investments.

		Succes Comp			Predecessor Company								
	Mont Septe	he Three hs Ended ember 30, 2016	Se	ruary 1 to eptember 0, 2016	Janu	ary 1 to 11ary 31, 2016	Month Septer	te Three as Ended aber 30, 015	Mon Sept	the Nine ths Ended ember 30, 2015			
Amortization	\$	(5.9)	\$	(15.4)	\$	(2.1)	\$	(10.6)	\$	(24.5)			
Write downs		(2.0)		(2.7)		(0.5)		(8.8)		(13.4)			
Tax benefit from amortization and write downs		2.8		6.4		0.9		6.8		13.3			
Tax credits, net		9.8		25.9		3.1		17.0		39.6			
Impact to net income	\$	4.7	\$	14.2	\$	1.4	\$	4.4	\$	15.0			

5. Mortgage Loans

The Company originates and manages a portfolio of mortgage loans which are secured by first-mortgage liens on income-producing commercial real estate, primarily in the retail, industrial and office building sectors. Loans are underwritten based on loan-to-value (LTV) ratios and debt-service coverage ratios (DSCR), as well as detailed market, property and borrower analyses. The Company's mortgage loan portfolio is considered a single portfolio segment and class of financing receivables, which is consistent with how the Company assesses and monitors the risk and performance of the portfolio. A large majority of these loans have personal guarantees, and all mortgaged properties are inspected annually. The Company updates each loan's LTV ratio every period based on the carrying value of the property, while property information (such as property value and income for DSCR) is updated annually, primarily during the third quarter.

The Company's mortgage loan portfolio is diversified by geographic region, loan size and scheduled maturity. As of September 30, 2016, the three states with the largest concentrations of the Company's commercial mortgage loans were California, primarily the Los Angeles area, Texas and Washington. Loans in these states comprised 28.1%, 11.3%, and 7.6% of total outstanding principal, respectively.

As of February 1, 2016 all mortgage loans were measured at fair value, which resulted in the establishment of a net premium for the portfolio. This is amortized into net investment income for each loan based on its expected maturity, using the effective interest rate method. Each mortgage loan was individually analyzed and assigned a discount rate used to determine the fair value. Various market factors were considered in determining the net present value of the expected cash flow stream, including the characteristics of the borrower, the underlying collateral, underlying credit worthiness of the tenants, and tenant payment history. Known events and risks, such as refinancing and credit-related risks, were also considered in the fair value determination. In addition, the balance of deferred costs, unearned fees, and allowance for loan losses were set to zero.

Allowance for Mortgage Loans

The allowance for losses on mortgage loans provides for the risk of credit loss inherent in the lending process. The allowance consists of a portfolio reserve for probable losses incurred but not specifically identified and, as needed, specific reserves for impaired loans. The allowance for losses on mortgage loans is evaluated at each reporting period and adjustments are recorded when appropriate. Loans are specifically evaluated for impairment if the Company considers it probable that amounts due according to the terms of the loan agreement will not be collected, or the loan is modified in a troubled debt restructuring. The Company establishes specific reserves for these loans when the fair value is less than the carrying value.

To assist in its evaluation of the allowance for loan losses, the Company utilizes the following credit quality indicators to categorize its loans as lower, medium or higher risk:

- Lower Risk Loans Loans with an LTV ratio of less than 65%, and a DSCR of greater than 1.50.
- *Medium Risk Loans* Loans that have an LTV ratio of less than 65% but a DSCR below 1.50, or loans with an LTV ratio between 65% and 80% and a DSCR of greater than 1.50.
- *Higher Risk Loans* Loans with an LTV ratio greater than 80%, or loans which have an LTV ratio between 65% and 80% and a DSCR of less than 1.50.

(All amounts in millions, except share and percentage data, unless otherwise stated)
(Unaudited)

Loans held as of February 1, 2016 (referred to as PGAAP loans) were adjusted to fair value, which incorporated expectations for credit losses at that time, and the allowance was set to zero. The Company separately monitors these loans for deterioration in credit quality or other indicators that a loss has incurred. Any allowance related to these PGAAP loans reflects losses incurred subsequent to the Merger.

The following table sets forth the Company's mortgage loans by risk category:

	_	As of Septemb (Successor O		As of December 31, 2015 (Predecessor Company)				
]	Balance	% of Total	Balance	% of Total			
Lower risk	\$	499.3	73.7%	\$ 3,103.2	64.9%			
Medium risk		128.1	18.9	1,129.3	23.6			
Higher risk		50.3	7.4	547.9	11.5			
Subtotal, excluding certain PGAAP loans		677.7	100.0%	4,780.4	100.0%			
Lower risk		3,165.3	66.6%	_				
Medium risk		1,078.1	22.7	_				
Higher risk		507.7	10.7	_				
Subtotal, certain PGAAP loans (1)		4,751.1	100.0%	_				
Loans specifically evaluated for impairment (2)		_		1.7				
Other (3)		0.2		(3.6)				
Total	\$	5,429.0		\$ 4,778.5				

⁽¹⁾ Represents loans set to fair value on February 1, 2016 for which there are no indications of subsequent credit deterioration.

In developing the portfolio reserve for incurred but not specifically identified losses, the Company evaluates loans by risk category. The Company considers past loan experience, commercial real estate market conditions, third-party data for expected losses on loans with similar LTV ratios and DSCRs, personal guarantees, and other relevant factors when determining whether an allowance is needed for loans categorized as medium or higher risk. In developing its provision for specifically identified loans, a market valuation on the collateral is performed to determine if a reserve is necessary.

For the three months ended September 30, 2016, the Company recorded a \$0.7 provision for loans not specifically identified. For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015, no additional provisions or charge-offs were recorded. As of September 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, the balance of the Company's allowance for mortgage loan losses was \$0.7 and \$8.1, respectively.

Non-performing loans, defined generally as those in default, close to being in default or more than 90 days past due, are placed on non-accrual status. As of September 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, no loans were considered non-performing.

⁽²⁾ As of September 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, reserve amounts of \$0.0 and \$0.2, respectively, were held for loans specifically evaluated for impairment.

⁽³⁾ Includes allowance for loan losses and deferred fees and costs.

SYMETRA FINANCIAL CORPORATION CONDENSED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (All amounts in millions, except share and percentage data, unless otherwise stated) (Unaudited)

6. Derivative Instruments

The following table sets forth the fair value of the Company's derivative instruments, including embedded derivatives that primarily relate to the Company's FIA products. In the consolidated balance sheets, derivative contracts in an asset position are included in derivatives and other invested assets, derivative contracts in a liability position are included in other liabilities, and embedded derivative liabilities are included in funds held under deposit contracts.

	As of September 30, 2016 (Successor Company)					As of December 31, 2015 (Predecessor Company)						
		Notional		Fair '	Valu	e	- Notional			Fair	Value	
		Amount	Assets		Liabilities		Amount		Assets		Liabilities	
Derivatives designated as hedges:												
Cash flow hedges:												
Interest rate swaps	\$	647.8	\$	18.9	\$	_	\$	424.5	\$	6.1	\$	3.1
Foreign currency swaps		674.3		125.6		0.5		679.8		61.8		—
Total derivatives designated as hedges	\$	1,322.1	\$	144.5	\$	0.5	\$	1,104.3	\$	67.9	\$	3.1
Derivatives not designated as hedges:												
Index options	\$	4,857.2	\$	153.1	\$	1.0	\$	3,794.0	\$	71.3	\$	_
Interest rate swaps		69.5		0.3		0.1		118.3		0.1		0.8
Embedded derivatives		_		_		493.5		_		_		385.7
Other derivatives		31.3		0.2		0.6		132.2		0.2		0.5
Total derivatives not designated as hedges		4,958.0		153.6		495.2		4,044.5		71.6		387.0
Total derivatives	\$	6,280.1	\$	298.1	\$	495.7	\$	5,148.8	\$	139.5	\$	390.1

Collateral Arrangements and Offsetting of Financial Instruments

The Company's derivative contracts are typically governed by an International Swaps and Derivatives Association (ISDA) Master Agreement, except for foreign currency forwards which do not require an ISDA. For each ISDA, the Company and the counterparty have also entered into a credit support annex (CSA) to reduce the risk of counterparty default in derivative transactions by requiring the posting of cash collateral or other financial assets. The CSA requires either party to post collateral when net exposures from all derivative contracts between the parties exceed pre-determined contractual thresholds, which vary by counterparty. The amount of net exposure is the difference between the derivative contract's fair value and the fair value of the collateral held for such agreements with each counterparty. Collateral amounts required to be posted or received are determined daily based on the net exposure with each counterparty under a master netting agreement. The Company is also required to post initial and variation margin on certain centrally cleared instruments and, as a result, may have collateral posted related to derivatives in an asset position. The Company does not offset recognized collateral amounts pledged or received against the fair value amounts recognized for derivative contracts.

In the consolidated balance sheets, the Company recognizes cash collateral received in cash and cash equivalents, and the obligation to return cash collateral in other liabilities. Non-cash collateral received is not recognized in the consolidated balance sheets. In the event of default, the counterparty relinquishes claim to the assets pledged as collateral, and the Company recognizes the collateral as its own asset recorded at fair value, or, in the case of cash collateral, derecognizes its obligation to return collateral.

(All amounts in millions, except share and percentage data, unless otherwise stated) (Unaudited)

The following tables present the potential effect of netting arrangements by counterparty on the Company's consolidated balance sheets:

				As of Septem (Successor				
			G	ross Amount of Colla	itera	l (Received) Posted		
	Pr	Fair Value Presented in the Financial Balance Sheets Instruments				Cash Collateral	Ne	t Amount
Counterparty:								
Assets:								
A	\$	29.6	\$	_	\$	(29.6)	\$	
B (1)		85.3		15.6		(85.0)		15.9
C		22.9		_		(22.9)		_
Е		20.1		_		(20.1)		_
G		38.6		_		(38.6)		
Н		18.5		_		(18.5)		_
I		29.2		_		(29.2)		
J		21.3		_		(21.3)		_
Other		32.6		_		(16.4)		16.2
Total derivative assets	\$	298.1	\$	15.6	\$	(281.6)	\$	32.1

⁽¹⁾ Amounts include financial instrument collateral of \$15.6 posted by the Company to comply with regulatory requirements on certain centrally cleared instruments

				As of Decem (Predecessor				
			G	ross Amount of Colla	tera	al (Received) Posted		
	Pres	air Value ented in the ance Sheets		Financial Instruments		Cash Collateral	Net An	nount
Counterparty:								
Assets:								
A	\$	11.4	\$	_	\$	(11.4)	\$	
B (1)		38.1		12.1		(37.7)		12.5
С		14.2		<u> </u>		(13.7)		0.5
F		19.9		_		(19.9)		_
G		21.9		_		(21.9)		_
Н		10.0		_		(10.0)		_
Other		24.0		<u> </u>		(21.3)		2.7
Total derivative assets	\$	139.5	\$	12.1	\$	(135.9)	\$	15.7

⁽¹⁾ Amounts include financial instrument collateral of \$12.1 posted by the Company to comply with regulatory requirements on certain centrally cleared instruments.

(All amounts in millions, except share and percentage data, unless otherwise stated)
(Unaudited)

Derivatives Designated as Hedges

The following table presents the amount of gain (loss) recognized in OCI on derivatives qualifying and designated as cash flow hedges:

		Succe Comp			Predecessor Company							
	Mont Septe	For the Three Months Ended September 30, 2016		February 1 to September 30, 2016		uary 1 to uary 31, 2016	Mon Sept	the Three ths Ended ember 30, 2015	Montl Septe	the Nine hs Ended mber 30,		
Interest rate swaps	\$	(4.5)	\$	11.3	\$	11.3	\$	6.2	\$	7.5		
Foreign currency swaps		8.5		42.5		29.1		36.9		45.9		
Total	\$	4.0	\$	53.8	\$	40.4	\$	43.1	\$	53.4		

See Note 9 for amounts reclassified out of accumulated other comprehensive income (AOCI) into net income. The Company expects to reclassify net gains of \$17.9 from AOCI into net income in the next 12 months. Actual amounts may vary from this estimate as a result of market conditions.

As of September 30, 2016, the maximum term over which the Company is hedging its exposure to the variability in future cash flows is approximately 14 years. For the three months ended September 30, 2016 and the period February 1 to September 30, 2016, a loss of \$(3.4) and \$(1.9), respectively, was recognized related to hedging ineffectiveness. For the periods January 1 to January 31, 2016, and the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015, no material hedge ineffectiveness was recorded.

Derivatives Not Designated as Hedges

The following table shows the effect of derivatives not designated as hedges in the consolidated statements of income, which is recorded in net realized gains (losses):

		Succe Com				redecessor Company		
	For the Three Months Ended September 30, 2016		bruary 1 to ptember 30, 2016	nuary 1 to nuary 31, 2016	Mo	r the Three onths Ended otember 30, 2015	M	for the Nine onths Ended eptember 30, 2015
Index options	\$	33.1	\$ 68.8	\$ (33.2)	\$	(44.8)	\$	(43.1)
Embedded derivatives		(17.1)	(74.1)	29.4		30.7		28.1
Other derivatives		(0.2)	0.9	3.8		3.2		2.2
Total	\$	15.8	\$ (4.4)	\$ 	\$	(10.9)	\$	(12.8)

7. Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The Company determines the fair value of its financial instruments based on the fair value hierarchy, which favors the use of observable inputs over the use of unobservable inputs when measuring fair value. The Company has categorized its financial instruments into the three-level hierarchy, which gives the highest priority to quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3). The level assigned to a fair value measurement is based on the lowest-level input that is significant to the measurement. The fair value measurements for the Company's financial instruments are categorized as follows:

- Level 1 Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical instruments.
- Level 2 Quoted prices for similar instruments in active markets and model-derived valuations whose inputs are
 observable. This category includes those financial instruments that are valued using industry-standard pricing
 methodologies or models. All significant inputs are observable or derived from observable information in the
 marketplace.
- Level 3 Fair value estimates whose significant inputs are unobservable. This includes financial instruments for which fair value is estimated based on industry-standard pricing methodologies and internally developed models utilizing significant inputs not based on or corroborated by readily available market information. In limited circumstances, this may also utilize estimates based on non-binding broker quotes.

(All amounts in millions, except share and percentage data, unless otherwise stated) (Unaudited)

The following tables present the fair value of the Company's financial instruments classified by the valuation hierarchy described above.

As of September 30, 2016

	(Successor Company)									
	Carrying Amount Fair Value				Level 1		Level 2		1	Level 3
Measured at fair value on a recurring basis:										
Financial assets:										
Fixed maturities, available-for-sale:										
U.S. government and agencies	\$	595.9	\$	595.9	\$	_	\$	595.9	\$	_
State and political subdivisions		939.5		939.5		_		939.5		_
Corporate securities	:	22,603.7		22,603.7		_		22,542.4		61.3
Residential mortgage-backed securities		2,674.4		2,674.4		_		2,674.4		_
Commercial mortgage-backed securities		1,052.2		1,052.2		_		1,046.3		5.9
Collateralized loan obligations		1,029.3		1,029.3		_		1,029.3		_
Other debt obligations		548.9		548.9		_		504.8		44.1
Total fixed maturities, available-for-sale		29,443.9		29,443.9				29,332.6		111.3
Marketable equity securities, available-for-sale		699.6		699.6		666.1		27.6		5.9
Investments in limited partnerships, alternative investments		50.8		50.8		_		23.4		27.4
Derivatives and other invested assets:										
Index options		153.1		153.1		_		137.6		15.5
Other		147.3		147.3		0.6		145.0		1.7
Total derivatives and other invested assets		300.4		300.4		0.6		282.6		17.2
Total investments carried at fair value		30,494.7		30,494.7		666.7		29,666.2		161.8
Separate account assets		904.7		904.7		904.7		_		_
Total assets at fair value	\$	31,399.4	\$	31,399.4	\$	1,571.4	\$	29,666.2	\$	161.8
Financial liabilities:			_						_	
Embedded derivatives	\$	493.5	\$	493.5	\$	_	\$	_	\$	493.5

(All amounts in millions, except share and percentage data, unless otherwise stated) (Unaudited)

As of December 31, 2015	5
(Predecessor Company))

			,		 ,	
	Carrying Amount	I	air Value	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Measured at fair value on a recurring basis:						
Financial assets:						
Fixed maturities, available-for-sale:						
U.S. government and agencies	\$ 482.1	\$	482.1	\$ _	\$ 482.1	\$ _
State and political subdivisions	875.1		875.1	_	875.1	_
Corporate securities	20,280.9		20,280.9	_	20,246.8	34.
Residential mortgage-backed securities	2,662.0		2,662.0	_	2,662.0	_
Commercial mortgage-backed securities	1,217.7		1,217.7	_	1,216.5	1.2
Collateralized loan obligations	644.8		644.8	_	555.2	89.
Other debt obligations	567.8		567.8	_	525.3	42.
Total fixed maturities, available-for-sale	26,730.4		26,730.4		26,563.0	167.
Marketable equity securities, available-for-sale	173.4		173.4	140.5	27.0	5.
Marketable equity securities, trading	482.4		482.4	482.2	_	0.
Investments in limited partnerships, alternative investments	45.9		45.9	_	17.7	28.
Derivatives and other invested assets:						
Index options	71.3		71.3	_	67.6	3.
Other	70.4		70.4	0.6	68.2	1.
Total derivatives and other invested assets	141.7		141.7	0.6	135.8	5.
Total investments carried at fair value	27,573.8		27,573.8	623.3	26,743.5	207.
Separate account assets	909.8		909.8	909.8	_	_
Total assets at fair value	\$ 28,483.6	\$	28,483.6	\$ 1,533.1	\$ 26,743.5	\$ 207.
Financial liabilities:			-			
Embedded derivatives	\$ 385.7	\$	385.7	\$ _	\$ _	\$ 385.

Financial Instruments Measured at Fair Value on a Recurring Basis

Fixed Maturities

The vast majority of the Company's fixed maturities have been classified as Level 2 measurements. To make this assessment, the Company determines whether the market for a security is active and if significant pricing inputs are observable. The Company predominantly utilizes third-party independent pricing services to assist management in determining the fair value of its fixed maturity securities. As of both September 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, pricing services provided prices for 94.9% of the Company's fixed maturities.

As of September 30, 2016, the Company had \$1,373.0, or 4.7%, of its fixed maturities invested in private placement securities. The use of significant observable inputs in determining the fair value of the Company's investments in private placement securities resulted in the classification of \$1,315.9, or 95.8%, as Level 2 measurements as of September 30, 2016. As of December 31, 2015, the Company had \$1,157.6, or 4.3%, of its fixed maturities invested in private placement securities, of which \$1,138.8, or 98.4%, were classified as Level 2 measurements.

Corporate Securities

The majority of corporate securities classified as Level 2 measurements are priced by independent pricing services utilizing evaluated pricing models. Because many corporate securities do not trade on a daily basis, evaluated pricing models apply available information through processes such as benchmark curves, benchmarking of like securities, sector groupings and matrix pricing to prepare valuations. The significant inputs for security evaluations include benchmark yields, reported trades, broker-dealer quotes, issuer spreads, two-sided markets, benchmark securities, bids, offers and other reference data, including market research publications.

The following table presents additional information about the composition of the Level 2 corporate securities:

(All amounts in millions, except share and percentage data, unless otherwise stated) (Unaudited)

As of Sontamber 30, 2016

As of December 31, 2015

		Successor Compa			(Predecessor Company)					
	Amount	% of Total	# of Securities	Amount	% of Total	# of Securities				
Significant security sectors:										
Industrial	\$4,260.3	18.9%	260	\$ 3,995.0	19.7%	253				
Consumer discretionary	3,143.4	13.9	237	2,829.5	14.0	222				
Consumer Staples	2,958.5	13.1	154	2,676.4	13.2	158				
Health care	2,891.4	12.8	157	2,464.0	12.1	146				
Utilities	2,460.7	10.9	184	2,080.6	10.3	159				
Financials	2,206.6	9.8	169	2,080.5	10.3	155				
Weighted-average coupon rate	4.83%			4.80%						
Weighted-average remaining years to contractual maturity	8.7			8.3						

As of September 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, \$1,251.5, or 5.6%, and \$1,073.3, or 5.3%, respectively, of Level 2 corporate securities were privately placed. These securities were generally valued using a matrix pricing approach. The significant inputs to the measurement are the base credit spread, treasury yield and expected future cash flows of the security, which are all observable inputs. The base spread is determined based on trades of similar publicly-traded securities, and the expected future cash flows are based on the contractual terms of the security. This approach also incorporates an illiquidity spread, determined based on premiums demanded by investors for privately placed securities. The illiquidity spread is an unobservable input, which ranges from 5 to 40 basis points and is based on the credit quality of the security. The illiquidity spread does not significantly impact the resulting valuation and thus management does not believe it prohibits Level 2 classification.

Residential Mortgage-backed Securities

The Company's residential mortgage-backed securities (RMBS) classified as Level 2 measurements are priced by pricing services that utilize evaluated pricing models. Because many RMBS do not trade on a daily basis, evaluated pricing models apply available information through processes such as benchmark curves, benchmarking of like securities, sector groupings and matrix pricing to prepare evaluations. The significant observable inputs for security evaluations include benchmark yields, reported trades, broker-dealer quotes, issuer spreads, two-sided markets, benchmark securities, bids, offers and other reference data, including market research publications. In addition, the pricing services use models and processes to develop prepayment and interest rate scenarios. The pricing services monitor market indicators, industry and economic events, and their models take into account market convention.

Agency securities comprised 88.9% and 88.3% of the Company's Level 2 RMBS as of September 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, respectively. Level 2 RMBS were primarily fixed-rate, with a weighted-average coupon rate of 3.85% and 3.91% as of September 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, respectively.

The following table presents additional information about the composition of the Level 2 non-agency RMBS securities:

		As of Septemb (Successor (As of Decemb (Predecessor	
	Fa	ir Value	% of Total	F	air Value	% of Total
Highest rating agency rating:						
AAA	\$	193.1	65.0%	\$	170.9	54.8%
AA through BBB		18.6	6.3		31.6	10.2
BB & below		85.4	28.7		109.1	35.0
Total non-agency RMBS	\$	297.1	100.0%	\$	311.6	100.0%
Non-agency RMBS with super senior subordination	\$	221.5	74.6%	\$	234.8	75.4%

As of September 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, the Company's non-agency Level 2 RMBS had a weighted-average credit enhancement of 11.8% and 10.8%, respectively. As of September 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, \$221.0 and \$216.9,

(All amounts in millions, except share and percentage data, unless otherwise stated)
(Unaudited)

or 74.4% and 69.6%, respectively, of the Company's non-agency Level 2 RMBS were originated prior to 2004, or subsequent to 2008. The underlying collateral in these years is considered to be of higher quality due to more stringent underwriting standards.

Commercial Mortgage-backed Securities

The Company's commercial mortgage-backed securities (CMBS) classified as Level 2 measurements are priced by pricing services that utilize evaluated pricing models. Because many CMBS do not trade on a daily basis, evaluated pricing models apply available information through processes, such as benchmark curves, benchmarking of like securities, sector groupings and matrix pricing to prepare evaluations. The significant observable inputs for security evaluations include benchmark yields, reported trades, broker-dealer quotes, issuer spreads, two-sided markets, benchmark securities, bids, offers, new issues, monthly payment information and other reference data, including market research publications.

The Company's Level 2 CMBS securities were primarily non-agency securities, which comprised 91.2% and 92.4% of Level 2 CMBS as of September 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, respectively. The non-agency Level 2 CMBS had an estimated weighted-average credit enhancement of 34.0% and 32.6% as of September 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, respectively. Of these amounts, 81.5% and 86.5% were in the most senior tranche as of September 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, respectively. The weighted-average coupon rate on Level 2 CMBS was 3.80% and 4.25% as of September 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, respectively.

The following table presents additional information about the composition of the underlying collateral of Level 2 non-agency CMBS securities:

	As of September 30, 2016	As of December 31, 2015
	% of Total	% of Total
Significant underlying collateral locations:		
New York	28.2%	27.6%
California	12.5	11.9
Florida	7.1	7.1
Texas	6.3	6.8
Significant underlying collateral property types:		
Office buildings	30.9%	35.2%
Retail shopping centers	26.6	28.6

Marketable Equity Securities

Marketable equity securities are investments in common stock (mainly in publicly traded companies), exchange-traded funds (ETFs), and certain nonredeemable preferred stocks. When the fair values of the Company's marketable equity securities are based on quoted market prices in active markets for identical assets, they are classified as Level 1 measurements. The fair values of nonredeemable preferred stocks are determined by pricing services utilizing evaluated pricing models and are classified as a Level 2 measurement. These valuations are created based on benchmark curves using industry standard inputs and exchange prices of underlying securities and common stock of the same issuer.

Investments in Limited Partnerships

Investments in limited partnerships recorded at fair value relate to the Company's alternative investments, primarily private equity and hedge funds. The Company utilizes the fair value option for these investments, regardless of ownership percentage, to standardize the related accounting and reporting. The fair value is determined using the practical expedient based on the Company's proportionate interest in the underlying partnership or fund's net asset values (NAV). The Company's ability to redeem or otherwise liquidate these investments varies by partnership. If the partnership terms generally allow for redemption or liquidation within one year, the investment is classified as a Level 2 measurement. Otherwise, the investment is classified as a Level 3 measurement.

Index Options

Index options consist primarily of Standard & Poor's 500 Index® (S&P 500) options. The fair values of these index options were determined using option pricing models. Significant inputs include index implied volatilities, index dividend

SYMETRA FINANCIAL CORPORATION CONDENSED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (All amounts in millions, except share and percentage data, unless otherwise stated) (Unaudited)

yields, index prices, a risk-free rate, option term and option strike price. As these inputs are observable, most index options are classified as a Level 2 measurement.

Separate Accounts

Separate account assets are primarily invested in mutual funds with published NAVs, which are classified as a Level 1 measurement.

Embedded Derivatives

Embedded derivatives relate to the Company's FIA product, which credits interest to the policyholder's account balance based on increases in selected indices, primarily the S&P 500. The fair value of the embedded derivative reflects the excess of the projected benefits based on the indexed fund value over the projected benefits based on the guaranteed fund value. The excess benefits are projected using best estimates for surrenders, mortality and indexed fund interest, and discounted at a risk-free rate plus a spread for nonperformance and policyholder behavior risk. Because the estimates utilize significant unobservable inputs, the Company classifies the embedded derivatives as a Level 3 measurement. During the quarter ended September 30, 2016, the Company updated its estimates regarding the projected benefits outside the surrender charge period as part of its annual unlocking process. This resulted in a \$15.6 decrease to the fair value of the embedded derivative, which was recorded as a gain in net realized gains (losses).

Rollforward of Financial Instruments Measured at Fair Value on a Recurring Basis Using Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)

The following tables present additional information about financial instruments measured at fair value on a recurring basis and for which the Company has utilized significant unobservable inputs (Level 3) to determine fair value for the three months ended September 30, 2016 and the period February 1, 2016 through September 30, 2016 (Successor Company):

(All amounts in millions, except share and percentage data, unless otherwise stated) (Unaudited)

											U		l Gains luded i	s (Losses) n:				
	Bala July	nnce as of 1, 2016		rchases and ues(1)	settl	Sales and ements(1)	and/	nsfers In for (Out) evel 3(2)	Ot	ther(3)		Net ome(4)	Com	Other prehensive ome (Loss)	G	alized ains sses)(4)	Sep	ance as of ptember 0, 2016
Financial Assets:																		
Fixed maturities, available-for-sale:																		
Corporate securities	\$	60.9	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	(0.1)	\$	_	\$	0.5	\$	_	\$	61.3
Commercial mortgage-backed securities		1.0		5.0		_		_		(0.1)		_		_		_		5.9
Collateralized loan obligations		39.7		_		_		(39.7)		_		_		_		_		_
Other debt obligations		44.2		_		_		_		(0.2)		_		0.1		_		44.1
Total fixed maturities, available-for-sale		145.8		5.0				(39.7)		(0.4)				0.6				111.3
Marketable equity securities, available-for-sale		6.4		_		(0.2)		(0.3)		_		_		_		_		5.9
Investments in limited partnerships		25.7		_		_		_		(1.3)		1.7		_		1.3		27.4
Derivatives and other invested assets:																		
Index options		13.4		3.7		_		_		(1.7)		(0.2)		_		0.3		15.5
Other		1.8		0.2		_		_		_		0.1		_		(0.4)		1.7
Total derivatives and other invested assets		15.2		3.9						(1.7)		(0.1)				(0.1)		17.2
Total Level 3 assets	\$	193.1	\$	8.9	\$	(0.2)	\$	(40.0)	\$	(3.4)	\$	1.6	\$	0.6	\$	1.2	\$	161.8
Financial Liabilities:											_							
Embedded derivatives	\$	456.7	\$	22.4	\$	(2.7)	\$	_	\$	_	\$	17.1	\$	_	\$	_	\$	493.5
	Bala	ance as of	Pui	rchases		Sales	Trai	nsfers In			U	nrealized Inc	luded i	(Losses) Other	Rea	alized	Bala	ance as of
	Feb	ruary 1, 2016		and ues(1)	Sett	and lements(1)		or (Out) evel 3(2)	Ot	ther(3)		Net ome(4)		prehensive ome (Loss)		ains sses)(4)		o, 2016
Financial Assets: Fixed maturities, available-for-sale:																		
Corporate securities	\$	50.0	s	13.0	\$		\$	2.6	s	(8.3)	•		\$	3.4	\$	0.6	\$	61.3
Commercial mortgage-backed securities	J	1.2	J	5.0	J	_	J		J	(0.3)	J	_	J	3.4	J	0.0	J	5.9
Collateralized loan obligations		10.0		3.0		_		(10.0)		(0.3)								3.9
Other debt obligations		43.4				_		(10.0)		(0.6)				1.3				44.1
Total fixed maturities, available-for-sale	_	104.6	_	18.0			_	(7.4)	_	(9.2)	_	-	_	4.7	_	0.6	_	111.3
Marketable equity securities, available-for-sale		6.1				(0.2)		(/ . 4)		().2) —						-		5.9
Investments in limited partnerships		27.5		1.2		(0.2)				(4.7)		(1.2)				4.6		27.4
Derivatives and other invested assets:		27.3		1.2		_		_		(4.7)		(1.2)		_		4.0		27.4
Index options		3.3		7.4				_		(1.7)		9.8		_		(3.3)		15.5
Other		1.6		0.9				_		(1.7)		0.1		_		(0.9)		1.7
Total derivatives and other invested assets		4.9		8.3			_		_	(1.7)		9.9			_	(4.2)		17.2
Total Level 3 assets	\$	143.1	\$	27.5	\$	(0.2)	\$	(7.4)	\$	(15.6)	\$	8.7	\$	4.7	\$	1.0	\$	161.8
Financial Liabilities:	Ф	143,1	4	21.3	Φ	(0.2)	Φ	(7.4)	4	(13.0)	9	0.7	Ψ	4./	Φ	1.0	Ψ	101.0
Embedded derivatives	S	334.9	0	88.9	\$	(4.4)	\$		S		S	74.1	0		\$		S	493.5

⁽¹⁾ Issues and settlements are related to the Company's embedded derivative liabilities.

The following table presents additional information about financial instruments measured at fair value on a recurring basis and for which the Company has utilized significant unobservable inputs (Level 3) to determine fair value for the period January 1, 2016 through January 31, 2016 (Predecessor Company):

⁽²⁾ Transfers into and/or out of Level 3 are reported at the value as of the beginning of the period in which the transfer occurs. Gross transfers into Level 3 were \$0.0 and \$11.0 for the three months ended September 30, 2016 and the period February 1, 2016 through September 30, 2016, respectively. Gross transfers out of Level 3 were \$40.0 and \$18.4 for the three months ended September 30, 2016 and the period February 1, 2016 through September 30, 2016, respectively, of which most were related to fixed maturities for which observable inputs became available.

⁽³⁾ Other is comprised of transactions such as pay downs, calls, amortization and redemptions.

⁽⁴⁾ Amounts are included in net realized gains (losses) on the consolidated statements of income (loss). Amounts shown for financial liabilities are (gains) losses in net income.

(All amounts in millions, except share and percentage data, unless otherwise stated) (Unaudited)

Unrealized Gains (Losses) Included in:

	Jan	nce as of uary 1, 2016	- 1	chases and ues(1)	set	Sales and ttlements(1)	and	nsfers In for (Out) evel 3(2)	Otl	her(3)	Net ome(4)	Other nprehensive ome (Loss)	G	alized Sains sses)(4)	Jan	ance as of uary 31, 2016
Financial Assets:																
Fixed maturities, available-for-sale:																
Corporate securities	\$	34.1	\$	8.1	\$	_	\$	8.6	\$	_	\$ _	\$ (0.8)	\$	_	\$	50.0
Commercial mortgage-backed securities		1.2		_		_		_		_	_	_		_		1.2
Collateralized loan obligations		89.6		10.0		_		(89.6)		_	_	_		_		10.0
Other debt obligations		42.5		_		_		_		_	_	0.9		_		43.4
Total fixed maturities, available-for-sale		167.4		18.1				(81.0)		_	_	0.1		_		104.6
Marketable equity securities, available-for-sale		5.9		_		_		_		_	_	_		_		5.9
Marketable equity securities, trading		0.2		_		_		_		_	_	_		_		0.2
Investments in limited partnerships		28.2		_		_		_		_	(0.7)	_		_		27.5
Derivatives and other invested assets:																
Index options		3.7		0.4		_		_		_	(0.7)	_		(0.1)		3.3
Other		1.6		_		_		_		(1.1)	0.2	_		0.9		1.6
Total derivatives and other invested assets		5.3		0.4						(1.1)	(0.5)			0.8		4.9
Total Level 3 assets	\$	207.0	\$	18.5	\$		\$	(81.0)	\$	(1.1)	\$ (1.2)	\$ 0.1	\$	0.8	\$	143.1
Financial Liabilities:																
Embedded derivatives	\$	385.7	\$	16.2	\$	(1.0)	\$	_	\$	_	\$ (29.4)	\$ _	\$	_	\$	371.5

⁽¹⁾ Issues and settlements are related to the Company's embedded derivative liabilities.

⁽²⁾ Transfers into and/or out of Level 3 are reported at the value as of the beginning of the period in which the transfer occurs. Gross transfers into Level 3 were \$13.7 for the period January 1, 2016 through January 31, 2016. Gross transfers out of Level 3 were \$94.7 for the period January 1, 2016 through January 31, 2016, which related to fixed maturities for which observable inputs became available.

⁽³⁾ Other is comprised of transactions such as pay downs, calls, amortization and redemptions.

⁽⁴⁾ Realized and unrealized gains and losses for investments in limited partnerships are included in net investment income. All other realized and unrealized gains and losses recognized in net income are included in net realized gains (losses). Amounts shown for financial liabilities are (gains) losses in net income.

(All amounts in millions, except share and percentage data, unless otherwise stated) (Unaudited)

The following tables present additional information about financial instruments measured at fair value on a recurring basis and for which the Company has utilized significant unobservable inputs (Level 3) to determine fair value for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015 (Predecessor Company):

Commercial mortgage-backed securities 2.1	22 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	Se	178.8 1.3 101.4 43.8 325.3 5.9 0.2 30.9 3.6 1.6 5.2 367.5
Fixed maturities, available-for-sale: Corporate securities	22 66 22) 44) 66) 22		1.3 101.4 43.8 325.3 5.9 0.2 30.9 3.6 1.6
Corporate securities	22 66 22) 44) 66) 22		1.3 101.4 43.8 325.3 5.9 0.2 30.9 3.6 1.6
Commercial mortgage-backed securities	22 66 22) 44) 66) 22		1.3 101.4 43.8 325.3 5.9 0.2 30.9 3.6 1.6
Collateralized loan obligations	22 66 6 22) 44) 66) 22	\$	101.4 43.8 325.3 5.9 0.2 30.9 3.6 1.6
Other debt obligations 45.7 — — — (2.2) — 0.3 Total fixed maturities, available-for-sale 348.7 221.2 — (230.3) (9.9) — (4.6) (6.6) Marketable equity securities, available-for-sale 5.9 —	6 2) 4) 6) 2	\$	43.8 325.3 5.9 0.2 30.9 3.6 1.6
Total fixed maturities, available-for-sale 348.7 221.2 (230.3) (9.9) (4.6)	6 2) 4) 6) 2	\$	325.3 5.9 0.2 30.9 3.6 1.6 5.2
Marketable equity securities, available-for-sale 5.9 — <t< td=""><td>6 2) 4) 6) 2</td><td>\$</td><td>5.9 0.2 30.9 3.6 1.6 5.2</td></t<>	6 2) 4) 6) 2	\$	5.9 0.2 30.9 3.6 1.6 5.2
Marketable equity securities, trading	2) 4) 6) 2	\$	0.2 30.9 3.6 1.6 5.2
Investments in limited partnerships	6 2) 4) 6) 2	\$	30.9 3.6 1.6 5.2
Derivatives and other invested assets:	2) 4) 6) 2	\$	3.6 1.6 5.2
Index options	4) 6) 2	\$	1.6 5.2
Other	4) 6) 2	\$	1.6 5.2
Total derivatives and other invested assets	6) 2	\$	5.2
Total Level 3 assets	2	\$	
Financial Liabilities: Embedded derivatives \$ 296.3 \$ 56.7 \$ (2.1) \$ - \$ - \$ (30.7) \$ - \$ \$ Balance as of January 1, 2015 Purchases and Issues(1) Settlements(1) Settlements(1) Transfers In and/or (Out) Other(3) Other(3) Other(3) Other(4) Other(3) Other(4) Other(5) Other(6) Other(7) Other(\$	367.5
Embedded derivatives	_ :		
Balance as of January 1, 2015 Purchases and Issues(1) Settlements(1) Settlements(1) Transfers In and/or (Out) of Level 3(2) Other (3) Other (3) Other (3) Other (3) Other (4) Other (4) Other (5) Other (6) Ot			
$\frac{\text{Balance as of January 1}}{\text{January 1}} \times \frac{\text{Balance as of January 1}}{\text{Journal of Issue(1)}} \times \frac{\text{Sales and Issue(1)}}{\text{Settlements(1)}} \times \frac{\text{Sales and Issue(1)}}{\text{Settlements(1)}} \times \frac{\text{Transfers In and/or (Out)}}{\text{of Level 3(2)}} \times \frac{\text{Dother}}{\text{Income(4)}} \times \frac{\text{Other Comprehensive Income(4)}}{\text{Income(4)}} \times \frac{\text{Realize Gains (Losses)}}{\text{Enancial Assets:}}$ $\frac{\text{Fixed maturities, available-for-sale:}}{\text{Corporate securities}} \times \frac{71.6}{10.00000000000000000000000000000000000$	- '	\$	320.2
Balance as of January 1, 2015 Purchases and Issues(1) Sales and Settlements(1) Purchases and Option of Level 3(2) Other(3) Purchase of Income(4) Purchases and Option of Level 3(2) Other(3) Other(3) Purchases Prize of Income(4) Purchases and Option of Level 3(2) Other(3) Purchases Prize of Income(4) Purchases and Option of Level 3(2) Other(3) Purchases Prize of Income(4) Purchases Prize of Income(4) Purchases and Option of Level 3(2) Other(3) Purchases Prize of Income(4) Purch			
Fixed maturities, available-for-sale: Corporate securities \$ 71.6 \$ 162.8 \$ — \$ (41.4) \$ (7.1) \$ — \$ (7.3) \$ (7.3) \$ (0.8) \$ (0.4) \$ — \$ (0.8) \$ (0.4) \$ — \$ (0.8)		Se	lance as of eptember 30, 2015
Corporate securities \$ 71.6 \$ 162.8 \$ — \$ (41.4) \$ (7.1) \$ — \$ (7.3) </th <th></th> <th></th> <th></th>			
Commercial mortgage-backed securities 2.5 — — (0.8) (0.4) — —			
	2	\$	178.8
Collateralized loan obligations — 101.4 — — — — — —			1.3
	_		101.4
Other debt obligations 71.7 — — (24.5) (2.4) — (1.0)	_		43.8
Total fixed maturities, available-for-sale 145.8 264.2 — (66.7) (9.9) — (8.3)	2		325.3
Marketable equity securities, available-for-sale — — — 6.0 — — (0.1)	_		5.9
	1		0.2
1 7	5)		30.9
Derivatives and other invested assets:			
	4)		3.6
	5)		1.6
	9)		5.2
	<u> </u>	\$	367.5
Financial Liabilities:	<u> </u>	_	
Embedded derivatives \$ 230.1 \$ 123.0 \$ (4.8) \$ — \$ — \$ (28.1) \$ — \$		\$	320.2

⁽¹⁾ Issues and settlements are related to the Company's embedded derivative liabilities.

⁽²⁾ Transfers into and/or out of Level 3 are reported at the value as of the beginning of the period in which the transfer occurs. Gross transfers into Level 3 were \$0.5 and \$6.1 for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015, respectively. Gross transfers out of Level 3 were \$230.3 and \$95.3 for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015, respectively, of which most were related to fixed maturities for which observable inputs became available.

⁽³⁾ Other is comprised of transactions such as pay downs, calls, amortization and redemptions.

⁽⁴⁾ Realized and unrealized gains and losses for investments in limited partnerships are included in net investment income. All other realized and unrealized gains and losses recognized in net income are included in net realized gains (losses). Amounts shown for financial liabilities are (gains) losses in net income.

(All amounts in millions, except share and percentage data, unless otherwise stated) (Unaudited)

8. Deferred Policy Acquisition Costs (DAC) and Value of Business Acquired (VOBA)

The following table provides a reconciliation of the beginning and ending balance for DAC:

		Succe Com			Predecessor Company									
	Month Septer	ne Three ns Ended mber 30, 016	Sept	ruary 1 to ember 30, 2016		uary 1 to ry 31, 2016	Mo	r the Three nths Ended otember 30, 2015	Mon	the Nine ths Ended tember 30, 2015				
Unamortized balance at beginning of period	\$	106.3	\$		\$	677.5	\$	572.2	\$	513.9				
Deferral of acquisition costs		51.8		160.0		19.6		69.8		172.6				
Adjustments for realized (gains) losses		(1.2)		(0.9)		(0.4)		5.3		5.1				
Amortization — excluding unlocking		(2.9)		(5.1)		(8.4)		(20.6)		(62.1)				
Amortization — impact of unlocking (1)		(0.4)		(0.4)		(0.2)		1.2		(1.6)				
Unamortized balance at end of period		153.6		153.6		688.1		627.9		627.9				
Accumulated effect of net unrealized gains		(23.8)		(23.8)		(41.0)		(75.9)		(75.9)				
Balance at end of period	\$	129.8	\$	129.8	\$	647.1	\$	552.0	\$	552.0				

⁽¹⁾ Includes the impact of assumption and experience unlocking related to quarterly investment prepayment activity as well as the Company's annual unlocking process, which takes place during the third quarter of each year.

The following table provides a reconciliation of the beginning and ending balance for VOBA:

		Succe Com		
	For the T Months E Septembe 2016	nded r 30,	Septe	uary 1 to ember 30, 2016
Unamortized balance at beginning of period	\$	440.8	\$	457.6
Adjustments related to realized (gains) losses (1)		(3.5)		1.0
Amortization — excluding unlocking		(10.5)		(30.4)
Amortization — impact of unlocking (2)		(3.1)		(4.5)
Unamortized balance at end of period		423.7		423.7
Accumulated effect of net unrealized gains	(175.0)		(175.0)
Balance at end of period	\$	248.7	\$	248.7

⁽¹⁾ Includes \$(4.6) impact of change in estimates related to the valuation of the embedded derivative. See Note 7 for further discussion.

⁽²⁾ Includes the impact of assumption and experience unlocking related to quarterly investment prepayment activity.

(All amounts in millions, except share and percentage data, unless otherwise stated) (Unaudited)

9. Stockholder's Equity

The following tables summarize the components of AOCI and the adjustments to OCI for amounts reclassified from AOCI into net income for the three months ended September 30, 2016 and for the period February 1 to September 30, 2016:

	Gains (Avail	nrealized (Losses) on lable-for- Securities	OTTI on Fixed Maturities not related to Credit Losses (2)	for	djustment DAC and VOBA	Net Gains (Losses) on Cash Flow Hedges	Com	cumulated Other pprehensive Income
Balance as of July 1, 2016	\$	703.9	\$ (0.1)	\$	(119.0)	\$ 25.4	\$	610.2
Other comprehensive income (loss) before reclassifications, net of taxes (1)		64.1	_		(23.9)	2.6		42.8
Reclassifications recorded in:								
Net investment income:								
Interest rate swaps		_	_		_	(1.8)		(1.8)
Foreign currency swaps		_	_		_	(2.5)		(2.5)
Net realized (gains) losses		0.6	_		4.5	3.4		8.5
Total provision (benefit) for income taxes		(0.2)	_		(1.6)	0.3		(1.5)
Total reclassifications from AOCI, net of taxes		0.4			2.9	(0.6)		2.7
Other comprehensive income (loss) after reclassifications		64.5			(21.0)	2.0		45.5
	Φ.	768.4	\$ (0.1)	•	(140.0)	\$ 27.4	\$	655.7
Balance as of September 30, 2016	\$	/08.4	\$ (0.1)	Ф	(140.0)			
Balance as of September 30, 2016	Net U Gains (Avail	(nrealized (Losses) on able-for- Securities	OTTI on Fixed Maturities not related to Credit Losses (2)	Ad	djustment · DAC and VOBA	Net Gains (Losses) on Cash Flow Hedges	Con	cumulated Other prehensive Income
Balance as of September 30, 2016 Balance as of February 1, 2016	Net U Gains (Avail	nrealized (Losses) on lable-for-	OTTI on Fixed Maturities not related to	Ad	djustment	Net Gains (Losses) on Cash Flow	Con	Other prehensive
	Net U Gains (Avail sale S	nrealized (Losses) on lable-for-	OTTI on Fixed Maturities not related to Credit Losses (2)	Ac for	djustment	Net Gains (Losses) on Cash Flow Hedges	Com	Other prehensive
Balance as of February 1, 2016 Other comprehensive income (loss) before	Net U Gains (Avail sale S	Inrealized (Losses) on lable-for- Securities	OTTI on Fixed Maturities not related to Credit Losses (2) \$	Ac for	djustment DAC and VOBA	Net Gains (Losses) on Cash Flow Hedges	Com	Other aprehensive Income
Balance as of February 1, 2016 Other comprehensive income (loss) before reclassifications, net of taxes (1)	Net U Gains (Avail sale S	Inrealized (Losses) on lable-for- Securities	OTTI on Fixed Maturities not related to Credit Losses (2) \$	Ac for	djustment DAC and VOBA	Net Gains (Losses) on Cash Flow Hedges	Com	Other aprehensive Income
Balance as of February 1, 2016 Other comprehensive income (loss) before reclassifications, net of taxes (1) Reclassifications recorded in:	Net U Gains (Avail sale S	Inrealized (Losses) on lable-for- Securities	OTTI on Fixed Maturities not related to Credit Losses (2) \$	Ac for	djustment DAC and VOBA	Net Gains (Losses) on Cash Flow Hedges	Com	Other aprehensive Income —
Balance as of February 1, 2016 Other comprehensive income (loss) before reclassifications, net of taxes (1) Reclassifications recorded in: Net investment income:	Net U Gains (Avail sale S	Inrealized (Losses) on lable-for- Securities	OTTI on Fixed Maturities not related to Credit Losses (2) \$	Ac for	djustment DAC and VOBA	Net Gains (Losses) on Cash Flow Hedges \$	Com	Other prehensive Income — 667.1
Balance as of February 1, 2016 Other comprehensive income (loss) before reclassifications, net of taxes (1) Reclassifications recorded in: Net investment income: Interest rate swaps	Net U Gains (Avail sale S	Inrealized (Losses) on lable-for- Securities	OTTI on Fixed Maturities not related to Credit Losses (2) \$	Ac for	djustment DAC and VOBA	Net Gains (Losses) on Cash Flow Hedges \$ 35.0	Com	Other prehensive Income — 667.1
Balance as of February 1, 2016 Other comprehensive income (loss) before reclassifications, net of taxes (1) Reclassifications recorded in: Net investment income: Interest rate swaps Foreign currency swaps	Net U Gains (Avail sale S	Inrealized (Losses) on lable-for- Securities 772.0	OTTI on Fixed Maturities not related to Credit Losses (2) \$	Ac for	djustment DAC and VOBA — (139.8)	Net Gains (Losses) on Cash Flow Hedges \$ — 35.0 (4.9) (5.9)	Com	Other prehensive Income — 667.1 (4.9) (5.9)
Balance as of February 1, 2016 Other comprehensive income (loss) before reclassifications, net of taxes (1) Reclassifications recorded in: Net investment income: Interest rate swaps Foreign currency swaps Net realized (gains) losses	Net U Gains (Avail sale S	Inrealized (Losses) on lable-for-securities 772.0	OTTI on Fixed Maturities not related to Credit Losses (2) \$	Ac for	djustment DAC and VOBA — (139.8)	Net Gains (Losses) on Cash Flow Hedges \$ — 35.0 (4.9) (5.9) (0.8)	Com	Other prehensive Income — 667.1 (4.9) (5.9) (6.6)
Balance as of February 1, 2016 Other comprehensive income (loss) before reclassifications, net of taxes (1) Reclassifications recorded in: Net investment income: Interest rate swaps Foreign currency swaps Net realized (gains) losses Total provision (benefit) for income taxes	Net U Gains (Avail sale S	(Losses) on lable-for-Securities	OTTI on Fixed Maturities not related to Credit Losses (2) \$	Ac for	djustment DAC and VOBA — (139.8) — (0.2)	Net Gains (Losses) on Cash Flow Hedges \$ 35.0 (4.9) (5.9) (0.8) 4.0	Com	Other prehensive Income — 667.1 (4.9) (5.9) (6.6) 6.0

⁽¹⁾ Other comprehensive income (loss) before reclassifications is net of taxes of \$34.5, \$0.0, \$(12.9), \$1.4 and \$23.0, respectively, for the three months ended September 30, 2016, and net of taxes of \$415.7, \$(0.1), \$(75.4), \$18.8 and \$359.0, respectively, for the period February 1 to September 30, 2016

⁽²⁾ Reclassification adjustments of OTTI on fixed maturities not related to credit losses are included in changes in unrealized gains and losses on available-for-sale securities within the consolidated statements of comprehensive income (loss).

(All amounts in millions, except share and percentage data, unless otherwise stated)
(Unaudited)

The following table summarizes the components of AOCI and the adjustments to OCI for amounts reclassified from AOCI into net income for the period January 1 to January 31, 2016:

	Net Unrealized Gains (Losses) on Available-for- sale Securities	OTTI on Fixed Maturities not related to Credit Losses (2)	Adjustment for DAC	Net Gains (Losses) on Cash Flow Hedges	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income
Balance as of January 1, 2016	\$ 520.0	\$ (17.7)	\$ (28.1)	\$ 41.2	\$ 515.4
Other comprehensive income (loss) before reclassifications, net of taxes (1)	112.7	_	(24.7)	26.2	114.2
Reclassifications recorded in:					
Net investment income:					
Interest rate swaps	_	_	_	(0.6)	(0.6)
Foreign currency swaps	_	_	_	(1.0)	(1.0)
Net realized (gains) losses	2.8	_	0.5	_	3.3
Total provision (benefit) for income taxes	(1.0)	_	(0.2)	0.6	(0.6)
Total reclassifications from AOCI, net of taxes	1.8		0.3	(1.0)	1.1
Other comprehensive income (loss) after reclassifications	114.5		(24.4)	25.2	115.3
Balance as of January 31, 2016	\$ 634.5	\$ (17.7)	\$ (52.5)	\$ 66.4	\$ 630.7

⁽¹⁾ Other comprehensive income (loss) before reclassifications is net of taxes of \$60.7, \$0.0, \$(13.3), \$14.2 and \$61.6, respectively, for the period January 1 to January 31, 2016.

The following tables summarize the components of AOCI and the adjustments to OCI for amounts reclassified from AOCI into net income for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015:

	Net Unrealized Gains (Losses) on Available-for- sale Securities	OTTI on Fixed Maturities not related to Credit Losses (2)	Adjustment for DAC	Net Gains (Losses) on Cash Flow Hedges	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income
Balance as of July 1, 2015	\$ 851.5	\$ (13.7)	\$ (95.4)	\$ 9.3	\$ 751.7
Other comprehensive income (loss) before reclassifications, net of taxes (1)	(36.0)	(4.7)	10.4	28.0	(2.3)
Reclassifications recorded in:					
Net investment income:					
Interest rate swaps	_	_	_	(1.1)	(1.1)
Foreign currency swaps	_	_	_	(1.5)	(1.5)
Net realized (gains) losses	16.4	2.8	(5.7)	_	13.5
Total provision (benefit) for income taxes	(5.8)	(1.0)	2.0	1.0	(3.8)
Total reclassifications from AOCI, net of taxes	10.6	1.8	(3.7)	(1.6)	7.1
Other comprehensive income (loss) after reclassifications	(25.4)	(2.9)	6.7	26.4	4.8
Balance as of September 30, 2015	\$ 826.1	\$ (16.6)	\$ (88.7)	\$ 35.7	\$ 756.5

⁽²⁾ Reclassification adjustments of OTTI on fixed maturities not related to credit losses are included in changes in unrealized gains and losses on available-for-sale securities within the consolidated statements of comprehensive income (loss).

(All amounts in millions, except share and percentage data, unless otherwise stated) (Unaudited)

	Net Unrealized Gains (Losses) on Available-for- sale Securities	OTTI on Fixed Maturities not related to Credit Losses (2)	Adjustment for DAC	Net Gains (Losses) on Cash Flow Hedges	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income
Balance as of January 1, 2015	\$ 1,130.2	\$ (13.5)	\$ (131.4)	\$ 5.3	\$ 990.6
Other comprehensive income (loss) before reclassifications, net of taxes (1)	(326.6)	(6.1)	46.6	34.8	(251.3)
Reclassifications recorded in:					
Net investment income:					
Interest rate swaps	_	_	_	(2.8)	(2.8)
Foreign currency swaps	_	_	_	(3.9)	(3.9)
Net realized (gains) losses	34.7	4.6	(6.0)	_	33.3
Total provision (benefit) for income taxes	(12.2)	(1.6)	2.1	2.3	(9.4)
Total reclassifications from AOCI, net of taxes	22.5	3.0	(3.9)	(4.4)	17.2
Other comprehensive income (loss) after reclassifications	(304.1)	(3.1)	42.7	30.4	(234.1)
Balance as of September 30, 2015	\$ 826.1	\$ (16.6)	\$ (88.7)	\$ 35.7	\$ 756.5

⁽¹⁾ Other comprehensive income (loss) before reclassifications is net of taxes of \$(19.4), \$(2.5), \$5.5, \$15.1 and \$(1.3), respectively, for the three months ended September 30, 2015, and net of taxes of \$(175.9), \$(3.3), \$25.1, \$18.6 and \$(135.5), respectively, for the nine months ended September 30, 2015.

10. Commitments and Contingencies

Litigation

Because of the nature of its business, the Company is subject to legal actions filed or threatened in the ordinary course of its business operations. The Company establishes liabilities for litigation and regulatory actions when it is probable that a loss has been incurred and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. For matters where a loss is believed to be reasonably possible, but not probable, no liability is established. For such matters, the Company may provide an estimate of the possible loss or range of loss or a statement that such an estimate cannot be made. The Company reviews relevant information with respect to litigation and regulatory matters on a quarterly and annual basis and updates its established liabilities, disclosures and estimates of reasonably possible losses or range of loss based on such reviews.

Although the Company cannot predict the outcome of any litigation or regulatory action, the Company does not believe that any such matters will have an impact on its financial condition or results of operations that differs materially from the Company's established liabilities. Given the inherent difficulty in predicting the outcome of such matters, however, it is possible that an adverse outcome in certain such matters could be material to the Company's financial condition or results of operations for any particular reporting period.

Other Commitments

On March 30, 2016, Symetra borrowed \$300.0 under its delayed draw term loan agreement to settle its \$300.0 Senior Notes, which matured on April 1, 2016. The term loan bears interest at a variable annual rate based on the London Interbank Offered Rate (LIBOR) or an alternate base rate for each interest period, plus an applicable margin. The term loan is scheduled to mature on March 30, 2018, which may be extended subject to certain conditions in the credit agreement.

On April 1, 2016, the Company settled its maturing \$300.0 Senior Notes.

⁽²⁾ Reclassification adjustments of OTTI on fixed maturities not related to credit losses are included in changes in unrealized gains and losses on available-for-sale securities within the consolidated statements of comprehensive income (loss).

(All amounts in millions, except share and percentage data, unless otherwise stated) (Unaudited)

11. Segment Information

The Company offers a broad range of products and services that include retirement, group health and employee benefits and life insurance products. These operations are managed separately as three divisions, consisting of four business segments based on product groupings, and a fifth reportable segment consisting primarily of unallocated corporate items and surplus investment income. The five segments are Benefits, Deferred Annuities, Income Annuities, Individual Life and Other. There were no changes to the Company's operating segments as a result of the Merger.

Results for the Successor Company reflect the application of pushdown accounting, and prior periods were not adjusted. The primary profitability measure that management uses to manage business segment results is pre-tax adjusted operating income (loss), which is defined as follows:

- For the Predecessor Company, pre-tax adjusted operating income was defined as income from operations, excluding certain net realized gains (losses). Excluded gains (losses) are associated with:
 - investment sales or disposal,
 - · investment impairments,
 - changes in the fair value of mark-to-market investments and derivative investments (except for certain S&P 500 options discussed below), and
 - o changes in the fair value of embedded derivatives related to the Company's FIA product.
- For the Successor Company, pre-tax adjusted operating income was defined as income from operations, with adjustment to intangible asset amortization and excluding certain net realized gains (losses). For segment results, intangible asset amortization related to VODA and trade names is amortized based on the projected cash flow pattern underlying the initial valuation of these assets. Excluded gains (losses) are associated with:
 - · investment sales or disposal,
 - investment impairments,
 - changes in the fair value of mark-to-market investments and derivative investments (except for certain S&P 500 options discussed below),
 - changes in the fair value of embedded derivatives related to the Company's FIA product, and
 - the amortization and write-downs associated with our tax credit investments.
- In the Deferred Annuities segment, net gains (losses) on certain S&P 500 options purchased to economically hedge exposure from FIA products sold in the late 1990s are included in pre-tax adjusted operating income.

(All amounts in millions, except share and percentage data, unless otherwise stated) (Unaudited)

The following tables present selected financial information by segment and reconcile segment pre-tax adjusted operating income (loss) to amounts reported in the consolidated statements of income:

For the Three Months Ended September 30, 2016

	(Successor Company)										
	В	enefits		eferred nnuities		Income Annuities	In	dividual Life	Other		Total
Operating revenues:											
Premiums	\$	175.4	\$	_	\$	_	\$	8.3	\$ _	\$	183.7
Net investment income		5.2		164.2		78.5		55.7	5.8		309.4
Policy fees, contract charges, and other		4.4		5.6		0.2		52.6	0.3		63.1
Total operating revenues		185.0		169.8		78.7		116.6	6.1		556.2
Benefits and expenses:											
Policyholder benefits and claims		116.3		1.5		_		12.8	_		130.6
Interest credited		_		96.7		73.7		70.4	(0.3)		240.5
Other underwriting and operating expenses		48.7		26.4		4.6		23.6	3.5		106.8
Interest expense		_		_		_		0.1	6.8		6.9
Amortization of DAC and VOBA		0.2		15.9		0.3		0.5	_		16.9
Amortization of intangible assets		10.9		4.3		0.6		0.4	_		16.2
Total segment benefits and expenses		176.1		144.8		79.2		107.8	10.0		517.9
Segment pre-tax adjusted operating income (loss)	\$	8.9	\$	25.0	\$	(0.5)	\$	8.8	\$ (3.9)	\$	38.3
Total operating revenues	\$	185.0	\$	169.8	\$	78.7	\$	116.6	\$ 6.1	\$	556.2
Add: Excluded realized gains (losses)		_		(2.4)		1.2		(2.1)	(9.3)		(12.6)
Total revenues		185.0		167.4		79.9		114.5	(3.2)		543.6
Total segment benefits and expenses		176.1		144.8		79.2		107.8	10.0		517.9
Add: Excluded amortization of intangible assets		3.1		2.2		0.3		_	_		5.6
Total benefits and expenses		179.2		147.0		79.5		107.8	10.0		523.5
Income (loss) from operations before income taxes	\$	5.8	\$	20.4	\$	0.4	\$	6.7	\$ (13.2)	\$	20.1

(All amounts in millions, except share and percentage data, unless otherwise stated) (Unaudited)

February 1 to September 30, 2016

(Successor Company)

	В	enefits	eferred nnuities	Income nnuities	In	dividual Life	Other	Total
Operating revenues:								
Premiums	\$	466.7	\$ _	\$ _	\$	22.0	\$ _	\$ 488.7
Net investment income		13.5	409.2	209.7		143.5	13.6	789.5
Policy fees, contract charges, and other		13.4	15.0	0.6		137.4	1.1	167.5
Total operating revenues		493.6	424.2	210.3		302.9	14.7	1,445.7
Benefits and expenses:								
Policyholder benefits and claims		322.6	1.9	_		45.7	_	370.2
Interest credited		_	251.2	193.9		177.2	(0.7)	621.6
Other underwriting and operating expenses		132.6	71.9	13.4		63.5	26.7	308.1
Interest expense		_	_	_		0.3	18.1	18.4
Amortization of DAC and VOBA		0.4	39.0	0.4		0.6	_	40.4
Amortization of intangible assets		29.1	11.4	1.6		1.1	_	43.2
Total benefits and expenses		484.7	375.4	209.3		288.4	44.1	1,401.9
Segment pre-tax adjusted operating income (loss)	\$	8.9	\$ 48.8	\$ 1.0	\$	14.5	\$ (29.4)	\$ 43.8
Total operating revenues	\$	493.6	\$ 424.2	\$ 210.3	\$	302.9	\$ 14.7	\$ 1,445.7
Add: Excluded realized gains (losses)		(0.1)	(11.1)	2.0		(2.9)	(30.6)	(42.7)
Total revenues		493.5	413.1	212.3		300.0	(15.9)	1,403.0
Total segment benefits and expenses		484.7	375.4	209.3		288.4	44.1	1,401.9
Add: Excluded amortization of intangible assets		8.2	5.9	0.7		_	_	14.8
Total benefits and expenses		492.9	381.3	210.0		288.4	44.1	1,416.7
Income (loss) from operations before income taxes	\$	0.6	\$ 31.8	\$ 2.3	\$	11.6	\$ (60.0)	\$ (13.7)

(All amounts in millions, except share and percentage data, unless otherwise stated) (Unaudited)

January 1, 2016 to January 31, 2016

(1 I cuccessor Company)	(Predecessor	Company)
-------------------------	---	-------------	----------

	Ве	enefits	eferred inuities	Income nnuities	In	dividual Life	Other	,	Total
Operating revenues:									
Premiums	\$	58.6	\$ _	\$ _	\$	2.6	\$ _	\$	61.2
Net investment income		2.1	57.3	29.8		22.9	(1.7)		110.4
Policy fees, contract charges, and other		1.4	2.0	_		16.2	0.2		19.8
Certain realized gains (losses)			(0.5)			_	_		(0.5)
Total operating revenues		62.1	58.8	29.8		41.7	(1.5)		190.9
Benefits and expenses:									
Policyholder benefits and claims		37.1	0.2	_		11.1	_		48.4
Interest credited		_	33.2	29.7		21.6	(0.1)		84.4
Other underwriting and operating expenses		16.3	8.4	1.5		7.3	2.4		35.9
Interest expense		_	_	_		_	3.8		3.8
Amortization of DAC		0.2	6.6	0.6		1.2	_		8.6
Amortization of intangible assets		0.2	_	_		_	_		0.2
Total benefits and expenses		53.8	48.4	31.8		41.2	6.1		181.3
Segment pre-tax adjusted operating income (loss)	\$	8.3	\$ 10.4	\$ (2.0)	\$	0.5	\$ (7.6)	\$	9.6
Total operating revenues	\$	62.1	\$ 58.8	\$ 29.8	\$	41.7	\$ (1.5)	\$	190.9
Add: Excluded realized gains (losses)		_	(1.9)	(22.5)		0.6	(2.7)		(26.5)
Total revenues		62.1	56.9	7.3		42.3	(4.2)		164.4
Total benefits and expenses		53.8	48.4	31.8		41.2	6.1		181.3
Income (loss) from operations before income taxes	\$	8.3	\$ 8.5	\$ (24.5)	\$	1.1	\$ (10.3)	\$	(16.9)

(All amounts in millions, except share and percentage data, unless otherwise stated) (Unaudited)

For the Three Months Ended September 30, 2015

	(Predecessor Company)											
	В	Benefits		Deferred Annuities		Income Annuities		Individual Life		Other		Total
Operating revenues:												
Premiums	\$	171.9	\$	—	\$	_	\$	8.3	\$		\$	180.2
Net investment income		6.2		172.2		95.5		73.5		(7.5)		339.9
Policy fees, contract charges, and other		3.6		5.4		0.1		47.9		0.5		57.5
Certain realized gains (losses)				(0.2)		_						(0.2)
Total operating revenues		181.7		177.4		95.6		129.7		(7.0)		577.4
Benefits and expenses:												
Policyholder benefits and claims		109.4		(0.1)		_		33.6		_		142.9
Interest credited				93.7		84.2		64.8		(0.3)		242.4
Other underwriting and operating expenses		46.1		25.6		5.0		21.7		4.4		102.8
Interest expense				_		_		0.1		11.2		11.3
Amortization of DAC		0.5		15.1		1.5		2.3		_		19.4
Amortization of intangible assets		0.7		_		_		_		_		0.7
Total benefits and expenses		156.7		134.3		90.7		122.5		15.3		519.5
Segment pre-tax adjusted operating income (loss)	\$	25.0	\$	43.1	\$	4.9	\$	7.2	\$	(22.3)	\$	57.9
Total operating revenues	\$	181.7	\$	177.4	\$	95.6	\$	129.7	\$	(7.0)	\$	577.4
Add: Excluded realized gains (losses)				(12.0)		(27.1)		(2.2)		(14.9)		(56.2)
Total revenues		181.7		165.4		68.5		127.5		(21.9)		521.2

156.7

25.0

Total benefits and expenses

Income (loss) from operations before income taxes

134.3

31.1

90.7

(22.2)

122.5

5.0

15.3

(37.2) \$

519.5

1.7

(All amounts in millions, except share and percentage data, unless otherwise stated) (Unaudited)

For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2015

	(Predecessor Company)											
	Benefits		Deferred Annuities		Income Annuities		Individual Life		Other		Total	
Operating revenues:												
Premiums	\$	514.3	\$	_	\$	_	\$	25.0	\$	_	\$	539.3
Net investment income		17.1		488.3		282.0		217.3		(10.4)		994.3
Policy fees, contract charges, and other		12.9		16.4		0.6		132.1		1.5		163.5
Certain realized gains (losses)				(0.7)		_				_		(0.7)
Total operating revenues		544.3		504.0		282.6		374.4		(8.9)		1,696.4
Benefits and expenses:												
Policyholder benefits and claims		336.6		0.3		_		86.3		_		423.2
Interest credited		_		275.7		254.6		191.3		(1.1)		720.5
Other underwriting and operating expenses		141.2		74.5		14.8		64.0		5.8		300.3
Interest expense		_		_		_		0.4		33.1		33.5
Amortization of DAC		1.3		51.5		4.6		6.3		_		63.7
Amortization of intangible assets		2.4		_		_		_		_		2.4
Total benefits and expenses		481.5		402.0		274.0		348.3		37.8		1,543.6
Segment pre-tax adjusted operating income (loss)	\$	62.8	\$	102.0	\$	8.6	\$	26.1	\$	(46.7)	\$	152.8
Total operating revenues	\$	544.3	\$	504.0	\$	282.6	\$	374.4	\$	(8.9)	\$	1,696.4
Add: Excluded realized gains (losses)				(22.7)		(36.3)		(3.3)		(28.2)		(90.5)
Total revenues		544.3		481.3		246.3		371.1		(37.1)		1,605.9
Total benefits and expenses		481.5		402.0		274.0		348.3		37.8		1,543.6
Income (loss) from operations before income taxes	\$	62.8	\$	79.3	\$	(27.7)	\$	22.8	\$	(74.9)	\$	62.3

As of September 30, 2016 (Successor Company)

166.3 \$ 17,995.6 \$ 7,298.3 \$ 7,055.2 \$ 2,443.4 \$ 34,958.8

	(· · · · · · · · ·)									
	Benefits		Deferred Annuities	Income Annuities		Individual Life		Other	Total	
Total investments	\$	56.4	\$ 19,690.8	\$	7,478.8	\$ 6,64	6.0	\$ 2,319.7	\$ 36,191.7	
DAC and VOBA		1.9	275.0		7.1	9.	4.5	_	378.5	
Other intangible assets		797.4	517.7		53.7	1	4.9	_	1,383.7	
Goodwill		308.0	198.8		50.2	(6.0	_	563.0	
Separate account assets		_	663.3		_	24	1.4	_	904.7	
Total assets		1,289.7	21,901.0		7,671.9	7,41	1.2	2,456.1	40,729.9	
Future policy benefits, losses, claims and loss expense (1)		276.4	19,107.7		7,295.4	6,87	4.6	(21.8)	33,532.3	
Other policyholders' funds		14.1	34.7		3.7	4	9.4	13.9	115.8	
Notes payable		_	_		_		—	707.9	707.9	

\$

As of September 30, 2015: Total assets

(All amounts in millions, except share and percentage data, unless otherwise stated) (Unaudited)

As of December 31, 2015 (Predecessor Company)

	(Fredecessor Company)									
	Benefits	Deferred Annuities	Income Annuities	Individual Life	Other	Total				
Total investments	\$ 7.2	\$ 16,985.5	\$ 7,051.2	\$ 6,307.4	\$ 2,274.9	\$ 32,626.2				
DAC	3.5	400.2	64.6	197.8	_	666.1				
Other intangible assets	6.6	_	_	_	_	6.6				
Goodwill	31.1	_	_	_	_	31.1				
Separate account assets	_	694.3	_	215.5	_	909.8				
Total assets	176.2	18,525.1	7,195.3	7,061.5	2,374.8	35,332.9				
Future policy benefits, losses, claims and loss expense (1)	252.4	17,115.9	6,436.6	6,370.1	(20.1)	30,154.9				
Other policyholders' funds	25.3	41.4	7.5	54.0	10.7	138.9				
Notes payable	_	_	_	_	693.1	693.1				

⁽¹⁾ Includes funds held under deposit contracts, future policy benefits, and policy and contract claims on the consolidated balance sheets.